20 CENTS A WEEK will insure the delivery of The Daily Colonist at your door every morning

The Daily Colonist.

KLONDYKE. Maps of the principal Mining Districts in British Columbia and the Yukon are on sale at the COLONIST office, Government street.

VOL. LXXVIII.---NO. 131 VICTORIA BRITISH COLUMBIA THURSDAY NOVEMBER 11 1897 FORTIETH YEAR

Xmas Goods.

A great many of our Fall and Xmas Goods have arrived. Come and . . . .

SEE OUR ASSORTMENT

And if you do not want to pick out and have laid away what you require for Xmas, you may see something that will save you worrying about what you are going to get, and will at least know how large and varied our assortment is. . . . To-day we received another lot of the newest and best Leather, Silver Mounted Purses, Card Cases and Photo Frames yet out. . . . . .

Challoner, Mitchell & Co.,

THE JEWELERS, 47 Government Street.

"EL TRUNFO."

THE OLD RELIABLE.

New Stock Just Received.

NO BETTER CIGAR IMPORTED.

HUDSON'S BAY CO'Y,

WHARF STREET.

Mr. Sifton on the Trail.

Hon. Mr. Sifton at the Board of Trade was FRANK, CANDID, EARNEST. Victoria will be at the front only with combined effort and push.

This season Salmon 10c.; 11 tins for $1.

Use Fleishman's Golden Gate Compressed Yeast and Hudson's Bay Hungarian for making the best Bread.

Sandwich Island Raw Sugar for cooking.

Dixi H. Ross & Co.

JUST ARRIVED.

THE NEWEST LINE OF

HATS, SCARFS AND SHIRTS

AT

ARTHUR HOLMES,

78 YATES STREET, CORNER BROAD.

HIGH LIFE CIGARETTES.

Are in Quality and Price Without Exception the Very Best Made.

AT E. A. MORRIS'.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—A small cider press to purchase or hire; address, Box 333 Postoffice. n11

WANTED—A trustworthy girl to take care of two children; apply to Mrs. D. R. Ker, 312 Yates street. n011

YOUNG MAN, experienced wants a situation as second cook; address, Cook, Colonist office. n011

WANTED—Five acres and cottage, for spot cash, near city. I. Browne, Oak Bay, Victoria. n010

LINSEED OIL, 65 cents per gallon, in 4 gal. tins; guaranteed strictly pure oil. Window glass, sashes and doors selling cheap at Mellor's 76 and 78 Fort street.

FOR SALE—A German Bagatelle table cheap; apply at Russ House Saloon. n11

FOR SALE—The counter and fittings in the building now occupied by the Bank of Montreal, No. 81 Government street. Apply to Robert Beaven and J. S. Yates, No. 18 Trounce avenue. n010

SCOTCH MACINTOSHES—Thoroughly waterproof; Room 7, Moody Block. Clearance sale, evenings 7:30 to 9. n011

PURE WHITE LEAD $6 per 100 lbs. No. 1 Elephant at $5 50 per 100 lbs. Dry colors, colors in oil, varnishes and brushes at lowest prices. J. W. Mellor, 76 and 78 Fort street.

TO LET—Several furnished houses; one with water, electric lights and all modern conveniences: apply 40 Government street. n011

TO LET—Three cottages, one on a double corner lot, 5 rooms, bath, etc.; in healthy location. Rent $3 50 and $6, water included. Apply 5 Clark street, Spring Ridge; good place to keep cow and chickens. n011

85C. BUYS A DOLLAR tin of Mellor's carriage paint, ready mixed. Requires no varnishing. Paint your buggy while its cheap. Mellor, 76 and 78 Fort street.

O.K. PAPERS are ready on your arrival. Or will send Fast. K.O. n011

STOVES and pipes fitted up, repaired and cleaned. D. Lancaster, Crescent Store, Crescent street. n011

70 cents buys 100 lbs. of the finest cooking potatoes in town. They have no equal. Free delivery. Sylvester Feed Co., Ltd., City Market. Tel. 413. n011

WHAT shall we do with our boys? Take them to the Football championship match between Vancouver and Victoria at the Caledonian grounds on Saturday afternoon. n011

SUN LUEN HING & CO., Importers of Chinese merchandise, etc. Employment office, 28 Cormorant, P.O. box 178. All kinds of contracts for Chinese labor promptly furnished. n011

STRAYED OR STOLEN—From 6 Amelia st., a pug dog, answers to name of "Jimmie." Anyone harboring same after this notice will be prosecuted. n011

MELLOR'S MIXED PAINTS — Absolutely pure and full Imperial measure guaranteed $1.50 per gallon; Mellor's floor paints same price. J. W. Mellor, 76 and 78 Fort street.

JOSEPH HEANEY, Truck and Dray man—Office 26 Yates street; stables 119 Superior street; Telephone 171. n011

$1000 to loan, 8 per cent. Address A. K.B., Colonist office. no9

TRY—

"NIPACOLD"

For La Grippe.

BOWES' DRUG STORE,

100 Government Street, near Yates.

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

In the Matter of An Application for a Duplicate of a Certificate of Title to Subdivision Lots 9 and 10, Block 3, of Section 74, Victoria District.

NOTICE is hereby given that it is my intention at the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof to issue a Duplicate of the Certificate of Title of Alexander John Mouat to the above lands, dated the 23rd September, 1892, and numbered 14 941A.

S. Y. WOOTTON, Registrar General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, B.C., 10th November, 1897. n011

Atlantic : Steamship : Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS

—TO AND FROM—

All European Points

AT LOWEST RATES.

Passages engaged and berths reserved on any steamer of the following Atlantic lines:

ALLAN Line.	CUNARD Line.
DOMINION Line.	WHITE STAR Line.
BEAVER Line.	RED STAR Line.
AMERICAN Line.	ANCHOR Line.
NORTH GER. LLOYD Line.	HAMBURG AMERICAN Line.
HANSA Line.	FRENCH Line.

ALLAN STATE Line.

For sailing lists, plans and all information apply to GEO. L. COURTNEY, General Steamship Agent. Cor. Fort and Government Sts., Victoria, B.C.

TO FEED THE CUBANS.

The New Spanish Commander Tries Kindness on Those Whom Weyler Would Starve.

Madrid Having Promised to Correct Abuses the United States Will Not Interfere.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10.—Senor Dupuy de Lome, the Spanish minister, to-day received a cable message from General Blanco, Governor-General of Cuba, which would seem to bear out the statements lately made that under General Weyler's rule the helpless dependents on the insurgents were being starved to death. The despatch reads as follows:

"Extensive zones of cultivation have been organized, daily rations are provided by the staff, work is furnished; they will be well treated, and can be employed by the planters. They have free transportation, and are being protected in every way. Provincial protective committees have been formed, and have already entered upon their functions; they will continue being organized in the remaining provinces with the object of procuring the necessary relief funds. Subscriptions have been set on foot to relieve first necessities, everything that is humanely possible being done.

"An edict is published to-day, not only granting permission to grind sugar but advising that this be done, and offering the necessary military and civilian protection. Not a moment is lost in attending to all immediate needs, which form the object of my personal attention. It is impossible to do more than I have done in the time that has elapsed."

WILL NOT INTERFERE.

President McKinley Will So Notify Congress in Consequence of Spain's Polite Note.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10.—It is stated on good authority that Premier Sagasta's reply to Minister Woodford's note, the full text of which was read at yesterday's cabinet meeting, is eminently satisfactory to this government. In it the Spanish ministry pledges itself to correct the abuses of power in Cuba, which was the subject of so much complaint during the Weyler administration, and gives assurance of its friendly feeling toward the American people. It accepts our good offices in its efforts to restore peace in Cuba and in a perfectly respectful and friendly spirit asks this government, so far as possible, to restrain the insurgent sympathizers in the States from giving material aid to the enemies of Spain in Cuba.

The reply intimates that but for the assistance that has been given by filibusters in the United States order would have been restored long ago. There is not a sentence that could give offence or be construed into an expression of an unfriendly purpose or feeling against the government of the United States. On the contrary the note is stated to be distinctly conciliatory in tone, although insisting upon the right and duty of Spain to put down an armed insurrection within its own territory.

It is evident that the reply has made a favorable impression on the President and members of the cabinet, and it is not unlikely that one of the features of the forthcoming message to congress will be a discussion of the Cuban situation, from which it will appear that there is nothing in the situation to justify present interference on the part of the United States.

TOLL FROM THE INDIANS.

United States Officials Suspend the Time Honored Exemption in Their Favor.

MALONE, N.Y., Nov. 10.—Under a recent ruling the customs officials at Hogansburg have been collecting duties from the St. Regis Indians on baskets and basket making material which have been free from time immemorial, both the United States and Canadian governments having long ago agreed to relieve the Indians from customs duties. Chief John Angus has called the attention of the Canadian officials to the present collection of duties and has been assurred that the intention of the Canadian government is that the interchange of Indian products be continued without duties. The matter will now be laid before the United States government.

DURRANT'S BLACK FRIDAY.

A Relentless Judge Refuses Further Delay and Orders Immediate Execution.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 10.—Wm. Henry Theodore Durrant was taken before Judge Bahrs to-day for the purpose of having the date of his execution re-set. His attorneys made a desperate attempt to secure further delay, but Judge Bahrs brushed aside all their technical objections and ordered that Durrant be hanged on Friday.

NEWS OF THE CAPITAL.

Protest From St. John Not Heeded—A Commercial Agent for London.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, Nov. 10.—Mayor Robertson and Ald. Daniel, of St. John, had a long interview to-day with Ministers Scott, Blair and Tarte over the Atlantic mail contract. Nothing was accomplished by the visit of the St. John delegation, however, as the contract was signed this afternoon, the government having determined that the vessels must call at Halifax.

The Supreme court closed its fall term to-day. Judgments will be delivered on December 9.

The Drummond County railway will be taken over next week and the through I. C. R. service will commence about the 20th.

Edgar A. Willis, secretary of the Toronto Board of Trade, is an applicant for the position of Canadian commercial agent in London, England, a position to be made in connection with the proposed reorganization of the Canadian offices in London.

Mr. Anderson, chief preventive officer of customs at Toronto, has been reduced a step in rank for his action in endeavoring to secure free admission into the United States of a dutiable parcel.

TERMS FOR THE ENGINEERS.

Board of Trade Negotiations About to Result in a Conference.

LONDON, Nov. 10.—The Right Hon. C. T. Ritchie, president of the board of trade, having submitted amended suggestions as to the basis of a conference for settling the engineers' strike, both the Employers' Federation and the Amalgamated Society of Engineers have assented to the holding of a conference. The Employers' Federation stipulates that its concurrence shall be without prejudice to its previously expressed opinions concerning the question of working hours, while the Amalgamated Society stipulates that the lockout notice shall be suspended and the question of a reduction of hours be discussed by the conference. Mr. Ritchie's proposal virtually covers these stipulations, hence the conference is likely to meet forthwith.

A CLOSE CONTEST.

Conservative Victory in a Liverpool Division With Very Little to Spare.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 10.—An election was held to-day in the Exchange division of Liverpool for a successor in the House of Commons to Mr. J. G. Bigham, recently elevated to the judicial bench to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Hon. Sir Lewis William Cave. Owing to an error in the first count of ballots, the result was declared by the returning officer as a Liberal majority of 47 with 2,706 votes for Mr. Russell, the Liberal candidate, and 2,659 for Mr. Charles McArthur, the Conservative; but the Conservatives asked for a recount and this showed a Conservative victory majority of 54.

KELLY MURDER TRIAL.

Circumstantial Evidence Connecting the Prisoner With the Crime He Once Confessed.

DOVER, N.H., Nov. 10.—In the Kelly murder trial this morning the early evidence had a bearing on the presence of the team driven by Kelly on the day of the murder. John Deblue, of Somerset, said it was Kelly who was driving the team. This witness said Kelly had talked to him about starting a roof garden over a two story saw mill. Chief detective Silas S. Carpenter, of Montreal followed with the story of his examination of Kelly after the arrest. He recited the confession made by the prisoner the next day that he alone killed Mr. Stickney. The finding of the bag of money where Kelly said he had hidden it was also described.

KLONDYKE INSURANCE.

Canadian Companies Refusing All Application From Parties Bound for the Gold Fields.

TORONTO, Nov. 10.—(Special)—Toronto insurance companies have followed the example of those of Montreal, and have refused risks on parties going to Klondyke. The present policy holders are not barred, but new policies will bar the privilege of going. Applications for rates on parties bound to Klondyke have come from all quarters, but no rates will be made for the present. From Hamilton alone came an application for a rate for one party of sixty.

Klondyke Outfits, Best Value for Money at W. & J. Wilson's.

A POINTER FOR LAURIER

Mr. Chamberlain Warns Him About Reciprocity Discriminating Against Great Britain.

The Sealing Business Will Be the First Discussed at the Washington Conference.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—A special cable to the Evening Post from London says: "In view of Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Sir Louis Davis' visit to Washington, it is understood that Mr. Chamberlain forwarded for Lord Aberdeen last week important recommendations on future trade relations between Canada and the United States from the Imperial point of view.

Though Mr. Chamberlain has abandoned his zollverein schemes he would view with keen disappointment and grave forebodings as to the ultimate effect upon the English attitude towards the Dominion of Sir Wilfrid Laurier's acceptance of any such trade agreement with the United States as Mr. Blaine once proposed involving discrimination against England.

"Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Mr. Fielding, Canada's minister of finance who is now visiting London, have given definite assurances that Canada never would consent to such discrimination. They have not, however, disguised the fact that if the United States showed a neighborly attitude towards Canada on outstanding trade and other questions they would go a long way to meet Washington advances short of discrimination.

"It is believed that they might even go so far as to place England and the United States on a tariff equality. This would seem to involve abandonment of the policy of a preferential tariff for British goods, which though not yet realized created extraordinary enthusiasm here. Canadian ministers contend, however, that Canada can render no greater service to the Empire than by assisting to restore Anglo-American accord."

THE SEALING CONFERENCE.

Representatives of the Three Governments Meet for Organization.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Sir Louis Davies and other Canadian officials, who are here to confer with the government authorities were busy arranging for the Behring sea meeting. The Canadian Premier received callers in a very democratic fashion at his apartments in the Shoreham, but to all he gave the reply that it would be manifestly premature at this stage for him to discuss the outlook on the Behring sea question or any subject which concerned the United States and Canada. He made it clear also that they would give their exclusive attention to this subject until some conclusion was reached, and other questions, such as reciprocity, border immigration, etc., will not be referred to until the first purpose of the visit is accomplished.

In accordance with the arrangements the experts representing the three governments of the United States, Great Britain and Canada assembled at the state department at half-past two o'clock this afternoon. They were Messrs. Jordan, Thompson and Macoun. In addition General Foster and Mr. Hamlin were in attendance for the United States and Sir Louis Davies for Canada. Sir Julian Pauncefote sent a note excusing himself from coming on account of illness. The meeting lasted for about an hour, and presumably the proceedings were mainly preliminary and designed to outline a plan of proceedure. Mr. Hamlin was elected chairman. It was officially stated that the proceedings were secret, in the sense that nothing could be given out for publication before the end of the deliberations. Another meeting will be held at 11 o'clock to-morrow.

The treaty, which was negotiated last week between the United States and Russia, for the further protection of the seals, was not referred to in to-day's meeting, although its general provisions are known to the British delegates. The feature of the treaty is said to be the short term it is to continue in force, the limit being one year.

Bishop of Pennsylvania.

BETHLEHEM, Pa., Nov. 10.—The Right Rev. Herbert Talbot, D.D., L.L.D., was this evening elected Bishop of the Episcopal diocese of Pennsylvania. Four ballots were necessary to a choice. Dr. Talbot is at present missionary bishop of Wyoming and Idaho.

Bass' XXXX on draught at the Occidental x

VANITY FAIR CIGARETTES.

The Old Reliable. 17 Prize Medals. 10c. per Package.

WM. S. KIMBALL & CO., ROCHESTER, N. Y.

WILLS'.....

1-4 LB. TINS 30 CENTS. 2 OZ. TINS 15 CENTS. NAVY CUT,

TRAVELLER, 1-4 LB. TINS 30 CENTS. 2 OZ. TINS 15 CENTS.

—AT—

Harry Salmon's,

Cor. Yates and Government Sts.

KILLED BY TRIBESMEN.

British Troops Exposed to Rebel Skirmishers and Suffer Very Severe Loss.

Greater Disaster Only Averted by Skilful Handling in a Difficult Retreat.

SIMLA, Nov. 10.—Official despatches received here to-day from the British camp in the Maidan Valley tell of a reconnaisance in force by the British. The movement was commanded by Brigadier-General Westacott, and the British force engaged consisted of the Dorsetshire Regiment, the Northamptonshire Regiment, a regiment of Sikhs and two batteries of artillery. This column moved yesterday to Saran-Sar, and reached the summit of the mountain with little resistance. There the troops found a hastily evacuated camp, and soon after retired upon the main body.

This movement, however, was attended by serious losses to the British. The insurgent tribesmen followed after the column in strong force, swarming from behind the rocks, showing wonderful audacity and keeping up a heavy fire at short range on the British troops. Only the admirable disposition made by General Westacott of his troops saved the rear guard. The General held the men together and saw all the wounded taken away before he retired himself.

On the way back to camp the transport of the wounded was greatly hampere by the fact that troops had to retire over fearfully broken country, surrounded on all sides by swarms of the enemy's skirmishers. The route was intersected every hundred yards or so by deep ravines, and it was while the troops were engaged in passing through this ground that the tribesmen rushed upon them, fearlessly making their way up the ravines to close quarters.

The Northampton Regiment suffered the most, their casualties being mainly incurred while saving their wounded. All the wounded reached camp at about dark, and it is still hoped that a missing officer and twelve men will reach camp safely.

The loss of the British was about fifty men. Of this number the Northamptonshire Regiment lost Lieut. Waddell and four men killed; and Lieut. Macintire of this regiment and twelve men are missing. The Northamptonshires also had Lieut. Ingram, Lieut. Mercer and six men wounded. The Sikhs lost six men killed and had six men wounded.

THE POLICY IN INDIA.

Having Checked the Russian Advance the British Will Concentrate Their Strength on Essential Routes.

LONDON, Nov. 10.—Lord George Hamilton, secretary of state for India, in a speech at Acton this evening defended "the forward policy" pursued in India during recent years, against attacks lately made upon it by Mr. John Morley, Mr. Herbert Asquith (home secretary in the late Liberal government) and other Liberal leaders. He justified this policy on the ground that while checking the Russian advance toward India, it enabled Russia and Great Britain to arrive at an amicable understanding by which, their respective frontiers and spheres of influence will be fixed, each recognizing that there was ample room in Asia for the legitimate expansion of both empires. He spoke very guardedly of the future of the frontier policy, urging that "our chief object is to concentrate our strength on essential routes and positions, accepting elsewhere the general submission of the tribes as an acknowledgement of British supremacy, interfering as little as possible in their local affairs beyond checking the traffic in arms and trusting for the rest to the civilizing influences of trade gradually to win the tribes from the predatory instinct."

The Times, commenting editorially on Lord George Hamilton's speech, will say to-morrow that it was the part of wisdom to "refrain from more explicit statements, which would only leave a loophole for Radical attacks," and will suggest as a means of attaining the desired ends the extension of the railway to the Afghan frontier along the valley of the Cabul river.

The Daily Chronicle will express the opinion that "Lord George Hamilton means perhaps that we should slide by lape of time into a policy of annexation on some unintelligible idea that we may thereby check Russia." It will also comment on the fact that the tribesmen possess enough Lee-Metford rifles and ammunition to deliver a magazine fire although the Lee-Metford has only been supplied to the Indian forces for about two years, a fact which in the Daily Chronicle's opinion, calls for searching inquiry.

The dyspeptic carries a dreadful load on his back. It seems as if he were really made up of two men. One of them ambitious, brainy and energetic; the other sick, listless, peevish and without force. The weak man weighs the other one down. The dyspeptic may be able to do pretty good work one day, and the next day because of some little indiscretion in eating, he may be able to do nothing at all. Most cases of dyspepsia start with constipation. Constipation is the cause of nine-tenths of all human sickness. Some of its symptoms are sick and bilious headache, dizziness, sour stomach, loss of appetite, foul breath, windy belchings, heartburn, pain and distress after eating. All these are indicative of derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels, and all are caused by constipation. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are the quickest, easiest and most certain cure for this condition. They are not violent in action.

Send 31 cents in one-cent stamps to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., and receive Dr. Pierce's 1008 page COMMON SENSE MEDICAL ADVISER, illustrated.

Blue Melton Mackintoshes, $8, $10 and $12. Fine Overcoats $6, $8.75, and $10. B. Williams & Co. x

Will be found an excellent remedy for sick headache. Carter's Little Liver Pills. Thousands of letters from people who have used them prove this fact. Try them.

Carloads of furniture, always on the way. We have received a big line of bedroom suites this week. Weiler Bros.

MANITOBA AND NORTHWEST.

Outfitting for Pelly River—The Duluth Railway Scheme—Crow's Nest Townsites.

WINNIPEG, Nov. 10.—(Special)—Hon. Hugh John Macdonald is prosecuting a vigorous campaign against the Greenway government in Manitoba rural constituencies. Yesterday he addressed a meeting of Conservatives at Springfield. To-night he left for Griswold, where he speaks to-morrow afternoon, and he will speak at Austin in the evening. On Saturday he will address two meetings at Brandon.

Rev. Dr. Duval has been elected moderator of the Presbyterian synod of Manitoba and the Northwest now in session here.

At Whitewood assizes held to-day Antony Grega, a foreigner, was found guilty of manslaughter. Grega killed his father a few months ago by striking him on the head with an axe.

The trial of Gordon Tompkins for manslaughter is proceeding at the Brandon assizes. He is charged with causing the death of John Scott at Boissevain by kicking him in the stomach.

A party of twelve persons representing the Northwest Mining and Development Co., of Chicago, are outfitting in this city for the Pelly river country. Sleds are being made here, and they have purchased harness for dogs and eight tons of supplies at Montreal, Ottawa and Winnipeg. Mr. Hopkins, of Ottawa, who is accompanying the miners to Pelly river, was on Tuesday severely bitten by one of the dogs belonging to the party.

Premier Greenway left again for his farm at Crystal City to-day. He is much improved in health, and hopes that with two or three weeks' rest he will be completely restored. He says he will not be able to make any public announcement regarding his railway scheme for a month yet, but admits that negotiations are nearing a satisfactory close.

Evangelist Moody inaugurated his services at Brandon to-day.

Archbishop Langevin is still confined to St. Boniface hospital, but is slowly recovering.

Capt. F. H. Allardyce of the Ninetieth Battalion died to-night of typhoid fever.

Land Commissioner Hamilton, of the Canadian Pacific railway, is at present on his way through Crow's Nest Pass. Before his return he will locate a number of townsites along the new railway route.

AN UNPAID AMBASSADOR.

He Fled From Angry Creditors and Was Dismissed for His Temerity.

BERLIN, Nov. 10.—A despatch to the Frankfort Zeitung from Constantinople says that Galib Bey, Turkish ambassador at Berlin, who left his post without leave because his salary had been unpaid for nine months and because he was harassed by creditors, was dismissed by the Sultan on arrival at Constantinople, despite a personal appeal. General Tewfik Pasha, the Turkish minister to Servia, has been appointed his provisional successor.

WEYLER'S RECEPTION.

Fireworks and a Luncheon to Celebrate His Achievements in Cuba.

MADRID, Nov. 10.—According to a despatch from Corunna, the port at which the steamer Montserrat, with Lieut.-General Weyler, will dock, a flotilla of steamers will meet him off the port and he will be received with music and other incidents of an elaborate ovation. He will be tendered a luncheon immediately on landing and in the evening there will be fireworks. The socialists are said to be planning a counter demonstration.

LORD SALISBURY'S OFFICES.

He May Resign Foreign Affairs to the Marquis of Lansdowne.

LONDON, Nov. 11.—The Financial Post professes to know that the Marquis of Salisbury, premier and secretary of state for foreign affairs, is about to resign the foreign secretaryship in favor of the Marquis of Lansdowne, secretary of state for war, retaining, however, the premiership.

A Distinguished Visitor.

MONTREAL, Nov. 10.—Hon. Thomas B. Reed, of the United States house of representatives, and party passed through here to-day en route to the Pacific Coast, via the C.P.R.

For Killing His Son.

MONTREAL, Nov. 10.—James Hutton was this morning sentenced to five years imprisonment for manslaughter of his son James by stabbing him with a pair of shears.

BEYOND THEIR POWERS.

Work That Can Only Be Done By Diamond Dyes.

According to instructions issued by makers of crude and soap grease dyes they advise as follows, "Very large or heavy articles, such as tweed cloth, etc., should only be dyed by expert dyers."

It is really refreshing to occassionally find modesty and honesty going hand in hand as far as poor, weak dyes are concerned. Package dyes and other prepared dyes intended for home work that the ordinary housewife cannot use for dyeing a husband's overcoat or suit are not worth useing for the coloring of the lightest fabrics or materials. Just think of it; tweeds and cloths and heavy goods must go to professional or expert dyers because they cannot be dyed with the common imitation or soap grease dyes!

When the Diamond Dyes are used for home dyeing, tweed and cloth overcoats and men's and boys' suits can be dyed easily and perfectly if the directions on the envelope are followed. Diamond Dyes have the necessary penetrating power to dye the very heaviest materials, and to do the work well. Any person, man or woman, can dye any material, light or heavy, perfectly with the Diamond Dyes.

Moral: Use Diamond Dyes for all home dyeing work; they are the most penetrating, strongest, purest and give the best results.

Mining Companies' office stationery a specialty at the COLONIST office. x

Official Mining Maps at THE COLONIST

MARK TWAIN IN LUCK.

He and a Russian Sketch Artist at the Circus in the Austrian Legislature.

LONDON, Nov. 8.—The Vienna correspondent of the Times says of a all night sitting of the reichsrath that it was the most disorderly ever witnessed in any parliament. Some of the anti-semite expressions were of such an improper character as to defy reproduction. The most frequent insult bandied about was the charge of drunkenness. Three-fourths of the members appeared to have gone raving mad, "liar," "disgraceful scamp," "drunken clown," and similar villianous expletives and suggestions were common remarks. Herr Wolff called Dr. Lueger (burgomaster of Vienna), "the Vienna thimble-rigger."

M. Verestchagin, the Russian painter, and Mr. Samuel L. Clemens (Mark Twain) were in the visitor's gallery. The former made sketches of various scenes and said he regarded them as good substitutes for street fighting and the barricades of former days. Mark Twain said it reminded him of an American lynching meeting to punish a horse stealer, adding: "I supposed somebody had been hanged, but was not there long enough to make sure of it." He asked Herr Lueger to give notice of his next twelve-hour speech and said he would be there and sit it out. Herr Lueger took the observation seriously and replied that he hoped next week to repeat the performance and perhaps to improve on it.

VIENNA, Nov. 10.—On the resumption of the sitting of the lower house to-day there was a renewal of the disturbances and conflict which have marked the recent sessions of the reichsrath, and the disorders finally reached such a pitch that the sitting was again suspended.

KILLED THEIR TEACHER.

How Some Youths in Missouri Resented Being Kept In.

SEDALIA, Mo., Nov. 8.—James Allen, teacher in a school at Wheatland, Hickery county, has been beaten to death by his pupils. As a punishment for misconduct Mr. Allen kept several boys after school was dismissed. When released the youths went away angry, and later as the school master was on his way home they waylaid him, pelting him with stones and clubs. Mr. Allen was knocked down and his shull crushed. He did not regain consciousness and died next morning. The boys were arrested.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

THE RING.

SATURDAY'S SPARRING MATCH.

Baxter and Williams the light weights who meet at the Beacon Hill athletic rooms on Saturday evening are reported in excellent trim and expect to put up a lively and scientific contest.

ZEIGLER VERY EASY.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 10.—George Green won over Owen Zeigler in the first round to-night.

GOLF.

FOURSOMES POSTPONED.

It has been decided to postpone till Saturday, November 20, the mixed foursomes in the Victoria Golf Club tournament, originally set for to-morrow afternoon. The members of the club have received an invitation to attend the Tacoma club tournament on November 19 and 20.

THE TURF.

THE GREAT LANCASHIRE STAKES.

LONDON, Nov. 10.—At the first day's racing of the Liverpool autumn meeting to-day Mr. S. H. Burns' five year chestnut filly Easter Gift, ridden by "Tod" Sloane, the American lightweight jockey, won the Great Lancashire handicap of £500. Lord Stanley's five year old chestnut colt Golden Rule ran second. Jockey Sloane is becoming a great favorite with the crowds.

THE WHEEL

MIDDLE-DISTANCE ENGLISHMAN COMING.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—A. G. Bachelder, the agent of the American Cycle Racing Association, who has been in Europe securing foreign talent, has cabled that he has signed a contract with Chase, the middle-distance Englishman. Chase will arrive here in a few weeks and meet the speediest men on the American cycle path.

THE SOUTHERN CIRCUIT.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Nov. 10.—At the bicycle meet at Panama park this afternoon Tom Cooper won the two mile open and was second in the one mile open, the only two events that he entered. Bald got the second place in the two mile open and third in the mile open, not touching first at all. Dr. Brown beat out all the cracks and won the mile open with Cooper a close second. Bob Walthour, of Atlanta, came in first in the two mile handicap, and Loughead second.

Dr. Mackenzie's Mishap.

MONTREAL, Nov. 10.—While Dr. R. Tait Mackenzie, some time attendant to the family of the Governor-General, was exercising in the McGill gymnasium he attempted to take a high jump and fell, sustaining a compound fracture of the leg.

That Commercial Agency.

TORONTO, Nov. 10.—An Ottawa special to the News says the proposal to appoint a commercial agent at London, being agitated in Toronto, is not considered in official circles as one on which the government is likely to act. There is no appropriation for such an office.

Toronto Standing In.

TORONTO, Nov. 10.—At a meeting of leading Conservatives to-night it was practically decided not to run a candidate at the approaching bye-election for Centre Toronto.

To artificially bleach the hair will destroy its growth; but if the hair inclines to grayness, assist nature to arrest it with Hall's Hair Renewer.

Gibbon's Toothache Gum acts as a temporary filling, and cures toothache instantly. Sold by druggists. x

We have just the class of goods you need in lace curtains, blankets, table linens, etc.; give us a trial. Weiler Bros. x

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Advertisements under the heads of Lost, Found, For Sale or To Let and Situations Wanted will be inserted at the rate o one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty five cents.

WANTS.

DRAFTSMAN wanted at once; capable man at Albion Iron Works. no10

WANTED—Well developed mining properties in British Columbia to be placed on the British Market. Must have Engineer's report and sole option for three months. A. W. More & Co, mining brokers, 86 Government St.

TO LET OR LEASE.

FOR RENT—A furnished house, five rooms, pantry and bathroom with hot and cold water. Apply 109 Chatham street. no6

HOUSEKEEPING rooms in suites with private kitchen at Elsmere House, 104 Pandora. Apply 97 Quadra. no4

TO RENT—A furnished room in the neighborhood of Pemberton road. Address X., Colonist office. no2

TO LET—Comfortable furnished front rooms, with use of kitchen if required. 139 Michigan street, James Bay. no2

FOR SALE.

TO PROSPECTORS, ETC.—For sale, first-class sloop, 6¾ tons; in thorough repair; newly painted and fitted; guaranteed first-class sea boat. For further particulars apply to Thomas Harman, 51 Blanchard street, Victoria no5

FOR SALE—A thoroughbred Jersey bull calf; can be seen at 146 Gorge road no5

FOR KLONDYKE — Two large dogs; very strong and docile. W. Jones, Auctioneer. 29

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—On Monday evening, a black ostrich feather. The finder will be rewarded by returning same to the Paisley Dye Works. oc27

MISCELLANEOUS.

REMOVED—John T. Pierre, has removed his tailoring, cleaning and dyeing establishment to 123 Douglas street, where he will be pleased to meet his old customers and the new ones that would favor them by their patronage. Prices right. n7

PENS and tea strainers and napkin rings. All kinds of nick-nacks and aluminum things. Second-hand books wanted. H. G. Mason, 46 Government St. no7

F. ELWORTHY—Balance-sheets prepared, accounts audited, general agencies taken. Office, Board of Trade Building. au30-tf

8 cases of bulbs just received from Holland in fine condition, and cheap. W. Dodds, Royal Floral Nursery, 207 Fort street. oc17

MUSICAL.

MR. JESSE A. LONGFIELD, from Hopkinson's, England, tunes and repairs pianos harmoniums, American organs etc, on reasonable terms. Address 166 Pandora street no2

THE COLLEGE OF MUSIC, 166 Pandora St., Victoria. Princ'l Mr. A Longfield F.V.C.M. Piano, organ, singing, violin and violoncello Lessons on reasonable terms. Pupils can be visited at their residence if required no2

EDUCATION.

VICTORIA COLLEGE,

BEACON HILL PARK.

—NEXT TERM BEGINS—

Monday, Sept. 6th, 1897.

For Boarding or day prospectus, apply:

Principal J. W. Church, M.A.

THE PROVIDENCE FUR COMPANY.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.,

Wants all kinds of Raw Furs and Skins, Ginseng, Seneca, &c. Prices quoted for the next sixty days are as follows:

	Per Pound.
SILVER FOX	$15 00 to $150 00
BEAR	5 00 to 25 00
OTTER	4 00 to 9 00
MARTIN	2 00 to 9 00
BEAVER	3 00 to 3 50
WOLF	1 00 to 2 00
RED FOX	1 00 to 2 00
MINK	75 to 1 00
SKUNK	25 to 1 00
GRAY FOX	50 to 75
RAT	20 to 25

Price List on all other Furs and Skins furnished upon application. Full prices guaranteed, careful selection, courteous treatment, immediate remittance on all consignments. s23

Yukon Navigation Co.,

First-class steamer, 3000 tons will leave Seattle March 24th, and Victoria B. C., March 26th, direct for Dawson City and the Gold Fields. Passengers are transferred to our river steamer at St Michael with 1000 pounds of baggage and supplies each, through to Dawson City. Freight received for St. Michael and all points upon the Yukon River.

Intending passengers and consignors of freight should make immediate application. W. E. SEBREE, Gen. Agent, 156 Broadway, N. Y. oc3

SCAVENGERS

ED. LINES, General Scavenger 236 Yates street.—Yards, etc., cleaned. Orders left at Geo. Munro's, 89 Government street; Speed Bros., corner Douglas and Fort; or Blair & Gordon, corner Menzies and Michigan, will be promptly attended to de

WANT ADVERTISEMENNS inserted in the DAILY COLONIST for one cent a word each insertion.

READY REFERENCE LIST

—OF—

VICTORIA FIRMS.

ACETIC ACID MANUFACTURERS.
BEST GOODS—The Canada Paint Co. Ltd.

BAKERS AND CONFECTIONERS.
M. R. SMITH & CO., VICTORIA, B. C., Manufacturers of all kinds of Plain and Fancy Biscuits and Cakes.

THE LARGEST STOCK of Cadbury's Chocolate in fancy boxes in the city, at Clay s, 39 Fort.

BOOK EXCHANGE.
CASHMORE'S, 103 Douglas street; buy and exchange all kinds of books and novels.

COLOR MAN'F'RING—DRY AND OIL.
GOODS GUARANTEED—Canada Paint Co. Ltd.

DRUGGISTS, CHEMISTS, ETC.
CENTRAL DRUG STORE—Hall & Co., Props. Chemicals, etc., cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

DRESSMAKING.
DRESSMAKING PARLORS—131 Yates street.

FOUNDERS AND BOILERMAKERS.
SPRATT & GRAY, iron founders and engineers.

FUNERAL DIRECTORS AND EMBALMERS
CHAS. HAYWARD, 52 Government street.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.
FRED CARNE, JR.—Tel. 586, cor. Yates & Broad

FELL & CO., family grocers and provisions, corner Broad and Fort streets.

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS.
R. LETTICE — Paints, oils, varnishes, etc. Window glass and wall paper.

HARDWARE.
E. G. PRIOR & CO.—Hardware and Agricultural Implements. Cor. Johnson and Gov't.

HOTELS.
OCCIDENTAL—$1 to $1.50 per day. Under management of Walter Porter.

DOMINION—Popular prices; all comforts of higher price hotels. Free 'bus; meals 25 cts.

QUEEN'S—Am. and Europ. plan, cor. Store and Johnson Sts. J. C. Voss, Prop.

INSURANCE—LIFE, FIRE, ACCIDENT.
SUN LIFE ASS'N—Pemberton & Son, Fort St.

A. W. MORE & CO., 86 Government street.

JAPAN COLORS.
FOR Carriage Builders—Canada Paint Co. Ltd.

LIVERY AND TRANSFERS.
VICTORIA TRANS. CO., 21 Broughton st.—Largest stock of horses, carriages, etc., for hire.

VICTORIA TRUCK & DRAY CO—Telephone 13.

MINING BROKERS.
A. W. MORE & CO., 86 Government street.

BEAUMONT BOGGS—Opposite Driard—A B.C. code; quotations on application.

MANTLES, GRATES AND TILES.
McKILLICAN & ANDERSON,—Mantels, grates, and tiles. Cor. Langley and Courtney Sts.

NOVELTIES.
CHAMPION Natural Stone Filter. Japanese Electric Light Shade. Barber Bros., 51 Yates.

OIL STAINS AND ENAMELS.
BEST MADE—Canada Paint Co. Ltd.

PLATE GLASS.
R. LETTICE, dealer in paints, oils, varnish and window glass; agent for Brilliant Sign Letter Co., and Aspenall's Enamel. No. 40 Fort street. mr17

LACQUER MANUFACTURING.
FOR CANNERIES—Canada Paint Co.

STEAM COFFEE AND SPICE MILLS.
STEMLER & EARL, Coffee, spices, mustard and baking powders. Pembroke St. near Gov'.

READY MIXED PAINT MANUFACTUERS.
BRANDS ESTABLISHED—Canada Paint Co.

RUBBER STAMP MANUFACTURERS.
BARBER BROS., 51 Yates street.

PHOTOGRAPHERS.
FOR PERMANENT PHOTOS see EYRES, 76 Yates street.

MAYNARD'S ART STUDIO, No. 41 Pandora street, dealers in all kinds of photographic material; views of British Columbia and Alaska.

Same Block—Maynard's Shoe and Finding Store 41 Pandora street; boots, shoes, leather and shoe findings; "K" boots a specialty fel

SEAL ENGRAVING AND EMBOSSING.
W. H. PHILIPPS, 39½ Douglas, south of Fort St.

REAL ESTATE & FINANCIAL AGENTS.
BEN WILLIAMS—Plate glass, accident and fire insurance, 46 Fort street; P.O. Drawer 66

A. W. MORE & CO., 86 Government street.

STEAM DYE WORKS.
PAISLEY DYE WORKS—Tel. 410. The old reliable. Established 1885 116 Yates street

BRITISH COLUMBIA—Tel. 290—Largest estab.; country orders solicited. 141 Yates street.

VARNISH MANUFACTURERS.
RELIABLE GOODS—Canada Paint Co. Ltd.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BUTCHERS.
L. GOODACRE, Contractor by app't to Royal Navy and Dominion Government. Tel. 32.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIA MARKET CO., Ld., Gov't and Yates Sts., Butchers and Packers; wholesale and retail dealers in fresh, salted and smoked meats, lard, etc.; branch, Vanc'r.

WHITE LEAD AND PUTTY MAN'F'RING.
OUR OWN MAKE—Canada Paint Co. Ltd.

CLEARANCE -:- SALE

—OF—

FURNITURE, ETC.

A ? OF SAVING AND $ TO BUYERS

For the next 30 days we shall give a special discount to purchasers for cash on our well-selected Stock of

Furniture, Carpets, Squares, Matting, Floor-cloth, Curtains, Poles, Crockery, Glassware, Baby Buggies and Carts, Garden Swings Chairs, etc.

The B. C. Furniture Co.

J. SEHL, Manager.

L. F. FISHER, Newspaper Advertising Agent 21 Merchants' Exchange, San Francisco is our authorised agent. This paper is kept on file in his office. j-8

STOCK MINING BROKERS.

Mining Shares for Sale.

Two thousand Evening Star 9c; 5,000 Victoria Texada 25c; 5,000 Argo 10c; 1,000 Mineral Hill 5c; 400 I.X.L. 10c; 10,000 Van Anda 8½c; 5,000 Excelsior 30c; 5,000 Fern 60c; 6,500 Rambler-Cariboo 44c; 200 Slocan Queen 10c; 5,000 Brant-Yukon 25c; 4,000 Monte Cristo 20c; 2,000 Nest Egg Fire Fly 5c; 1,000 Cayoosh Creek 50c; 5,000 Kamloops Copper 10c; 500 Poorman 8c; 200 Silver Bell 5c; 250 Wonderful 5c; 1,000 Ivanhoe 4c; 1,000 Consolidated Sable Creek 10c.

A. W. MORE & CO.,
Mining Brokers, 86 Government Street

MINING CLAIMS REPORTED ON

By Mr. D. R. IRVINE (formerly of Her Majesty's Geological Survey, Scotland.) Apply to ROBT. H. SWINNERTON, Sec.-Treas. The Victoria Mining & Development Co., Ld., Lby, 106 Government street, Victoria, B.C. fe17

W. J. WATERMAN,

Consulting Mining Engineer,

Box 123. 610 Granville St., Vancouver. my22

OFFICIAL MAP —OF THE— MINING DIVISION —OF— WEST KOOTENAY, B.C

By arrangement with the Government we are prepared to furnish the Official Map of the Mining Division of West Kootenay to the trade in quantities. Address:

THE COLONIST
PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO LD TY.
VICTORIA, B. C.

TENDERS.

TENDERS

Will be received up to 12 o'clock, noon, on the 18th day of November, 1897, for the purchase of the following properties: 12-roomed one and a half story house, No. 26 Rupert street on part of City Lot, No. 1195; also for part of City Lot No. 1217, corner of Rupert and Collinson streets. Seperate tenders to be addressed to the undersigned. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. For further particulars, apply

LEE & FRASER,
no6 9 and 11 Trounce Ave.

TENDERS

Will be received up to 12 o'clock noon, 16th November, 1897, for the purchase of the following well known property: *STEVENS HOTEL* and *FARM* (about 510 acres), Lake District, Saanich. Two good orchards bearing; fine situation; about six miles from post office. Highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. For description and full particulars apply to

SWINNERTON & ODDY,
oc12 106 Government St., Victoria, B.C.

THE PURPOSE,
THE PLAN,
THE RESULT OF

E. B. EDDY'S MATCHES IS THE PRODUCTION OF

BRIGHT . . .
CLEAR . . .
FLAME. . . .

Ho! for Klondyke!

Everybody going or wanting to know about the Yukon Gold Mines should buy the

MAP & MINING REGULATIONS

Now on sale at the Bookstores. The Pamphlet contains all the information required.

Price 50 Cents

jy22

Victoria Harbour Mission

Under the patronage of the Bishop of Columbia and Committee

Capt. H. G. Lewis, Hon. Sec'y.

The Mission works amongst the sailors and sealers, supplies the ships with all kinds of literature, and the regular visits of a clergyman. Subscriptions, and all kinds of books and papers, earnestly asked for. May be sent addressed

REV. W. G. H. ELLISON,
d12 Shipping Office, Broughton St., Victoria.

VANCOUVER BURGLARS.

Two of Them Sentenced to Long Terms but Yet There Are Others.

VANCOUVER, Nov. 10.—(Special)—Edwards and Williams were convicted at the assizes to-day of having burglars' tools in their possession. Edwards asked for mercy. Mr. Justice Drake informed the prisoners that they were old offenders from the States, and as they had lots of room to operate over there he wished that such gentlemen as they were would keep away from Canada. They were both sentenced to three years' imprisonment. The tools were manufactured in this city and tried on an empty safe. Police officer McAllister worked up the case.

There is the usual autumn epidemic of burglaries going on. The police are in the dark yet and the thieves have no known fence in the city. From Rev. Mr. McLaren's residence jewelry was stolen belonging to a lady in Victoria and highly prized. From Mr. R. G. Wood's residence jewelery was taken and from Mr. J. Shaw's residence some new clothing. These are the only cases made public. The police say there is a great deal of burglary going on.

A STOCK REPORT.

Harrison Lake Property Reaches Par and the Excelsior Also Goes Up Higher.

VANCOUVER, Nov. 10.—(Special)—Manager Brown of the Money Spinner mine, Harrison Lake, has sent word that the tunnel is being pushed by night and day shifts of men and every preparation is being made to have the mill running before the end of the year. The mill is now covered in and beams are being sawed for the tramway. The tunnel remains at four feet, but the winze has widened to nine feet. The same very rich rock showing free gold is being daily blown out. The stock has advanced from 50 cents to $1, and is quoted at the latter figure by local stock brokers.

Excelsior shares continue to be sold daily at 30 cents by the company. It is announced that no more will be sold at that figure, the work done warranting raising the price to 50 cents.

There were 49,540 shares of Channe stock transferred yesterday through broker Charleson.

CENTRE STAR WINS.

The Iron Mask Further Enjoined Against Interfering With the Workings.

NELSON, Nov. 10.—(Special)—Mr. Justice Walkem gave judgment to-day in the case of the Centre Star v. the Iron Mask, continuing the injunction against the defendant and releasing the plaintiff from the undertaking not to proceed on the Iron Mask ground. An appeal will be brought before the Full court on November 22.

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

VANCOUVER

VANCOUVER, Nov. 10.—Muller, arrested for attempting to buy goods with bogus checks, and who was a companion of Harris, convicted for the same offence, has confessed. Sentence has not yet been passed.

Amongst the guests at the Hotel Vancouver is Mr. N. Clarke Wallace, ex-controller of custome, who has come from Kamloops. Mr. Wallace is largely interested in the British Canadian Gold and Silver Mines Company, Limited, which owns several properties on Coal Hill, near Kamloops, including the famous Iron Mask. He predicts that Kamloops has a great future as a mining camp, the ores being very rich in copper, while the claims can be worked cheaply, owing to their accessibility. On the 5th, Guy Fawkes' Day, Mr. Wallace was at Salmon Arm, where the local Orangemen held a banquet and dance, at which Mr. Wallace, being Sovereign Grand Master, was of course the guest.

SURREY CENTRE.

SURREY CENTRE, Nov. 8.—The chief event of recent date in this rural municipality was the concert given in the Orange hall, Surrey Centre, November 5. The chair was taken by Rev. Mr. McLeod, Presbyterian minister, at Cloverdale, who in addition to introductory remarks made several historic references to the "gunpowder plot" of November 5, 1605, and referred to the many heroes connected with the battle of the Boyne, 1690. Mr. T. Thrift, J.P., of Hall's Prairie, also made a speech, pointing out the many historic epochs in the past in which the Orange order played a conspicuous part. He spoke of the many rights and privileges which the citizens of the 19th century enjoy which were purchased by the life-blood of noble ancestors. He strongly recommended to the audience the study of history, believing with Lord Beaconsfield "that the study of history makes men wise."

The remaining part of the programme consisted of instrumental music by Messrs. Boothroyd Brothers and Mrs. S. Moore. The Misses Churchland sang songs in an acceptable manner, and Mr. Joseph Drinkwater gave humorous readings in his usual dramatic and pleasing style. After the concert the company were treated to a sumptuous repast by the lady friends of the order in Surrey, and the evening's programme was brought to a close by the singing of the National Anthem. Some of the musical and social friends of the Delta propose holding a ball in the Oddfellow's hall, Cloverdale, on Wednesday, November 10, supper to be served by Mrs. Starr, of the Cloverdale Temperance hotel.

NELSON.

NELSON, Nov. 7.—Yesterday Mr. J. M. Smith, of Rossland, representing the Merchants' Bank of Halifax, was in Nelson. It is stated upon the best of authority, that the bank intends to establish a branch in this city and that Mr. Smith's visit was for the purpose of selecting a suitable location. This would give Nelson three banks.

Nelson to-day received an intimation that winter is very near, the first snow of the season falling. It was of short duration, only staying a few hours. The hills are now pretty well covered.

The report of Collector of Customs Johnson for the Nelson district shows that the collections during October were as follows: Imports—Dutiable goods, $85,850; free goods, $14,142; total, $99,992. Duty collected, $24,773.66; other revenues, $485; total, $25,258.66. The exports were: 4,312 tons of ore, valued at $301,786; 733 tons of matte, $520,273; stone, $10; total, the mine, $822,069; the forest, $890; animals and their produce, $202; agricultural products, $20; manufactures, $7,079; gross total, $830,170. The collections were made at the following points: Nelson, $9,123; Kaslo, $6,657; Rossland, $5,320; Trail, $1,848; Waneta, $893; Nakusp, $785; Rykerts, $144; total, $24,773.

Have you tried

Smoking Tobacco?

A MILLION PENSIONERS.

The Roll in the United States Not Far Short of that Total and Increasing.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—The annual report of the commissioner of pensions recently made public shows that there were added to the rolls during the year the names of 50,101 new pensioners and there were restored to the rolls 3,971 pensioners who had been previously dropped, making a total of 54,072 additions. During the same period the losses to the roll were, by death and other causes, 41,122. The whole number of pensioners on the rolls June 30, 1897, was 976,014. The net gain over the previous year was 5,336. "It will thus be seen," says the commissioner, "that the pension roll has not yet begun to show any dimunition, though it had been anticipated by my predecessor in office that this would be the fact."

The amount disbursed for pensions by the pension agents during the year was $139,949,717. This exceeds the amount disbursed during the fiscal year 1896 by the sum of $1,584,480.

OPERATIONS ON 'CHANGE.

Substantial Recovery of Prices Notably in the Coalers.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—Prices of stocks today showed substantial recoveries towards the level before the heavy declines of last Monday and Friday. The buying was strong and the upward course of prices was practically uninterrupted during the day. The factor of greatest influence was the decision of the appellate division of the Supreme court at Albany in the matter of the coal trust inquiry, revoking the order compelling the coal trust presidents to appear before a referee. The coalers were most markedly affected as being the subject of a special suit under trial, and they showed gains extending to 3½ per cent. in the case of Delaware & Hudson.

The Evening Post says: Yesterday's rise in prices was chiefly based on the covering of shorts. To-day's advance reflected some very positive buying. The larger speculative commission houses quite uniformly took a hand in the upward movement and there was some buying of an even more stable character. London houses again bought very freely in this market.

The Evening Post's financial cable from London says: The speeches at the Lord Mayor's banquet last night had a good effect on stocks generally, and all the markets were strong to-day, except Kaffirs. Americans are steadily rising. There was a fair but cautious demand for them today, and the close was practically at the best; with Southern Pacific the feature of strength. Gold is in strong demand. Money is tighter. The Paris bourse was firm; the Berlin market weak.

Closing prices: Amn. Sug., 132¼; A.T. & S.F., all paid, 13; do. pfd., 27¾; B. & O., 13¼; Bay State Gas, 5⅞; Can. Sou. 53½; C. & O., 21⅞; C.B. & Q., 93¾; Chicago Gas, 96; Chicago and Northwestern, 120¾; C.R.I. & P., 85¾; C.M. & St. P., 92½; Con. Gas, N.Y., 196½; C.C.C. & St. L., 33¾; D. & L., 154½; D. & H., 120; D. & R.G., pfd., 44¾; G. E., 33½; J.C., 86; L.E. & W., 16½; Lake Shore, 171; L. & N. 55½; Man., 98⅞; M.P., 28⅝; Natl. Lead, 33½; N. Amn., 7¼; N. P., 18½; do. pfd., 52½; N. Y. C. & H., 100½; N. Y. O. & W., 15⅛; Omaha, 76½; Pac. Mail, 39; P. & R., 22; Pullman, 169; Sou. Ry., 9½; do. pfd., 99¾; T. C. & I., 25¼; Tex. Pac., 10⅝; U. S. Leather com., 7¼; do. pfd., 61¼; U.S. Rubber com. 56½; do. pfd., 65½; U.P., 21¾; Wab., 7½; do. pfd., 17½; W.U., 87½; Can. Pac. in London, 84; Com'l Cable in Montreal, 180½.

Money on call steady at 1½ to 2 per cent. Mercantile paper, 3½ to 4½ per ct. Sterling exchange rather firmer with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.85¼ for demand and at $4.82½ to ¾ for 60 days. Posted rates $4.84½ to $4.86½. Commercial bills $4.81¾.

Bar silver, 57⅝c. Mexican dollars, 44¾c. Copper steady; brokers, $10.87½; exchange, $10.85 to $11. Lead dull. Tin very quiet; plates easy. Spelter dull. Pig iron easy; Southern, $10.25 to $11.25; Northern, $10.25 to $12.25.

Coffee options closed steady. Sugar, raw steady; refined strong.

Wheat options opened strong on covering induced by higher cables and frost in Argentine, reacted under realization, but closed strong on export demand and renewed covering at ¼ to 2c. net advance. No. 2 red, Jan., closed, 97⅛c.; May, 93⅞c.; Nov. 96c.; Dec., 96¾c.

CHICAGO, Nov. 10.—Wheat options closed as follows: No. 2, Nov., new, 93⅝c.; Dec., new, 93⅞c.; May, 90⅞c. Corn, No. 2, Nov., 26½c.; May, 30⅝c. Mess pork, Dec. $7.40; Jan., $8.37½. Short ribs, Dec., $4.30; Jan. $4.60.

A FAIR TRIAL.

"I was troubled with a very bad headache last winter and decided to give Laxa-Liver Pills a fair trial. One box of them cured me and I have not had a headache since. They are a long way of any other remedy I have ever tried."

MISS JANET MUNROE,
Westbourne, Man.

Go to Weiler Bros., for wall papers; thousands of rolls in stock and immense variety of patterns. x

If sick headache is misery, what are Carter's Little Liver Pills if they will positively cure it? People who have used them speak frankly of their worth. They are small and easy to take.

Subscribe for The Semi-Weekly Colonist?

E. M. JOHNSON

ESTABLISHED 1879.

NOTARY PUBLIC, REAL ESTATE AGENT, CONVEYANCER AND FINANCIAL AGENT.

GRAND ✣ FORKS,

KETTLE RIVER MINING DIVISION, B.C.

Situated on the Banks of the Kettle River and the North Fork Junction, in the vicinity of the many valuable locations recently made on the Colville Reservation at Christina Lake, the North Fork of the Kettle River and the Eastern Slopes of Boundary Mountain.

THE TOWN OF GRAND FORKS Has sprung into existence within the last year; early in the spring the place consisted of a few houses. Owing to the rapid opening of the Mines and the travel and traffic consequent on between 4,000 and 6,000 claims having been located, there are now estimated to be over 200 houses and 500 people residing in the town. The principal buildings consist of a three-story and several two-story Hotels, General Stores, Butchers, Bakers, Post Office, The Grand Forks Miner Newspaper Office, Brewery, Assembly Rooms, &c., &c., and all the usual Dry Goods, Millinery, Furniture and other businesses, which with several fine dwellings go to make up a busy town. Surveyors, Lawyers, Assayers, Real Estate Agents, Share and Mine Brokers are now established in business in this place.

AN APPLICATION Is now pending to the Provincial Legislature for an Act of Incorporation, and notices given of two separate Private Bills for Water, Electric Light and Power Companies, also Telephone, Water, etc. All in connecction with and to supply the Town of Grand Forks and Suburbs.

LOTS OF 25X120 FEET Are now selling in the Townsite as at present laid out at prices from **$250 to $550.** These lots run about 14 to the acre.

Suburban ✣ Five-Acre ✣ Blocks.

Equal to about 70 Townsite Lots, will be offered for sale on Most Reasonable Terms and at prices which are less per acre than the price of a single Townsite Lot.

THE SALE IS NOW ON And affords opportunity for investment in property in a District now universally acknowledged as the coming Mining Centre of the Province. These Blocks are Adapted for Residences, Orchards or Future Subdivision.

OF THE FUTURE PROSPECTS Of the District, but few words are necessary. Three Lines of Railway are projected to and through this property. The Spokane Falls & Northern are reported to be ready to build in the spring; the Columbia & Western Line, as may be seen at the Lands and Works Office, is projected through the land; The People's Line from the Coast also passes this point, and the C.P.R. Surveyors have run lines through the land during the past year.

A POWERFUL MINING & SMELTING CO. Report their intention of building a **500-Ton Smelter** in the close proximity of this land, and the owners have been applied to for a site for this purpose. Such an industry is warranted from the fact that the Great Volcanic Mine, said to be the largest deposit of copper gold ore now known, purposes to smelt the product of their mine at this point. The Projected Roads make it the most convenient receiving and shipping point, and a leading Bank is said to be about to open an Agency, as the employment of the requiaed labor will circulate a no small sum of money each month.

Maps of the District, Subdivision Maps, etc., can be seen and all information as to Prices and Terms obtained on application to

E. M. JOHNSON,

P.O. Address Box 188. **37 Government Street, Victoria, B.C.,**

Telephone No. 74. AGENT FOR THE OWNERS

Adams' Pepsin Tutti-Frutti Gum

An unfailing remedy for indigestion. Recommended by the leading medical authorities.

See that the trade mark name "Tutti Frutti" is on each 5c. package.

ALL OTHERS ARE IMITATIONS.

151

OCEANIC Steamship Company

S.S. AUSTRALIA for Honolulu only, Tuesday, Nov. 30th, 2 p.m. S. S. ALAMEDA sails via Honolulu & Auckland for Sydney, Thursday Nov. 11, at 2 p.m. Line to Coolgardie, Australia, and Capetown, S. Africa.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO., Agents, San Francisco.

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents, Victoria, B.C. 803

RAGS.

Clean Cotton Rags

Wanted at this Office,

3 cts. per pound

THE

KLONDYKE GOLD FIELDS

ARE IN CANADA.

Goods purchased elsewhere than in Canada are subject to Customs Duty on entering the Yukon. Strong force of Customs Officers and Mounted Police stationed at the Passes Customs Certificates on purchases in Canada will prevent any delay from Canadian or United States officials.

VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA,

Is the best place to Fit Out and Sail from. All Steamboats going North start from or call at Victoria.

G. A. KIRK,
President B. C. Board of Trade.

Bank of British Columbia

(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL (with power to increase) £500,000 $2,920,000
RESERVE ..... £100,000 $ 486,666

HEAD OFFICE, 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND.

BRANCHES:

IN BRITISH COLUMBIA: Victoria, Vancouver, New Westminster, Nanaimo, Kamloops, Nelson, Sandon, and Kaslo.

IN THE UNITED STATES: San Francisco and Portland.

Agents and Correspondents: In Canada—Canadian Bank of Commerce, Merchants Bank of Canada, The Molsons Bank, Imperial Bank of Canada, Bank of Nova Scotia and Union Bank of Canada. In United States—Canadian Bank of Commerce (Agency) New York; Bank of Nova Scotia, Chicago. In Australia and New Zealand—Bank of Australasia. In Honolulu—Bishop & Co.

Branches of this Bank are now oven at Sandon and Kaslo, B.C.

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed thereon.
Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking Business transacted.
Victoria, B.C., November 1896. GEO. GILLESPIE Manager

Esquimalt & Nanaimo Ry

TIME TABLE No. 19,

To take effect at 7 a.m. on Tuesday, Nov. 4, 1897. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING NORTH—READ DOWN.

	Daily	Sat'day
Lv. Victoria for Nanaimo and Wellington	A.M. 9:00	P.M. 3:00
Ar. Nanaimo	12:15	6 11
Ar. Wellington	12:40	6.30

GOING SOUTH—READ UP.

	Daily	Sat'day
	A.M.	P.M.
Ar. Victoria	12:07	7:00
Lv. Nanaimo for Victoria	8:51	3:48
Lv. Wellington for Victoria	8:30	3 30

For rates and information apply at Company's offices.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.

H. K. PRIOR, General Freight and Passenger Agent

oc29

TO THE EAST. GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TO THE Kootenai.

Passengers have choice of morning or evening boat from Victoria.

OVERLAND..... {Leaves Seattle 4:00 p.m. {Arrives " 10:30 a.m.

COAST LINE ... {Leaves Seattle 8:15 a.m. {Arrives " 6:15 p.m.

For further information call on or address

R. C. STEVENS, G.W.P.A., Seattle. J. H. ROGERS, Agent, 75 Government St.

SPOKANE FALLS & NORTHERN,

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD, RED MOUNTAIN RY'S.

The Only All-Rail Route, without change of cars, between Spokane, Rossland and Nelson. Also between Nelson and Rossland.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY:

Leave.		Arrive.
7:00 a.m.	Spokane	7:00 p.m.
10:30 a.m.	Rossland	3:25 p.m.
9:00 a.m.	Nelson	5:20 p.m.

Close connections at Nelson with steamer for Kaslo and all Kootenay Lake Points.

Passengers for Kettle River and Boundary Creek connect at Marcus with stage daily.

The Colonist.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1897.

Published Every Day except Monday by The Colonist Printing & Publishing Company, Limited Liability.

W. H. ELLIS, - - MANAGER.

TERMS:

THE DAILY COLONIST.

Per year, postage free to any part of Canada.....$10 00
Parts of a year at the same rate.
Per week, if delivered..... 20

THE SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST.

Published Every Monday and Thursday.

Per year, postage free to any part of the Dominion or the United States..... $1 50
Six months..... 75
Subscriptions in all cases are payable strictly in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.

REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING, as distinguished from everything of a transient character—that is to say, advertising referring to regular Mercantile and Manufacturing Business, Government and Land Notices—published at the following rates, per line, solid nonpareil, the duration of publication to be specified at the time of ordering advertisements:

More than one fortnight and not more than one month, 60 cents.
More than one week and not more than one fortnight, 40 cents.
Not more than one week, 30 cents.
No advertisement under this classification inserted for less than $2.50, and accepted other than for every day insertion.
Theatrical advertisements, 10 cents per line each insertion.
Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted till ordered out.
Advertisements discontinued before expiration of special period will be charged as if continued for full term.
Liberal allowance on yearly and half-yearly contracts.

WEEKLY ADVERTISEMENTS—Ten cents a line solid nonpareil, each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than $2.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING—Per line solid nonpareil: First insertion, 10 cents; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents. Advertisements not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than $1.50
Births, Marriages and Deaths, $1.00; funeral notices, 50 cents extra.
Where cuts are inserted they must be ALL METAL—not mounted on wood.

VANCOUVER:

Branch Office of THE COLONIST, 609 Hastings street. A. GOODMAN, Agent.

KLONDYKE IS IN CANADA.

The name Yukon has been hitherto associated with Alaska and it applies as much to that territory as to Canada. So true is this that careful writers speak of the Canadian Yukon, when they wish to refer to that part of the great river valley lying within the Dominion. If they do not use this expression they say Klondyke. Our suggestion is that the Dominion government shall recognize what is fast becoming to be the custom and call the Canadian Yukon "Klondyke." One advantage of this will be that no other locality can claim the new name. Klondyke is, in point of fact, the name of no place in particular. As everyone now knows, it is the result of a futile effort to pronounce an Indian word. How tough a contract it is to pronounce the word accurately may be judged from Mr. Ogilvie's heroic efforts to do so when he lectured here. He never said the name twice the same way. But Klondyke, no matter how it is spelled, has a lodgment in the public mind and will stay there. Let the name be retained, and as the discoveries on the river from which it has been taken have made the Yukon territory famous the world over, let it be applied to the Golden North.

Specifically: Let all that territory lying north of the Province of British Columbia, south of the Arctic Ocean, west of the 120th meridian and east of the 141st meridian, be known hereafter as the District of Klondyke.

IN RE BRAZIL.

There is serious trouble brewing in Brazil, and the indications now are that the so-called president will be dethroned. Dethroned is not the usual word to use in regard to a president, but if the man at the head of the alleged republic of Brazil is not a reigning sovereign it would call for a great deal of ingenuity to show where the difference is. The Brazilian republic is a despotism limited by revolution and fear of assassination, to paraphrase a famous observation in regard to another country. Brazil is utterly unfit for republican institutions. We are not quite sure that any country is fit for them. Many countries are fit for democratic institutions, such as Great Britain and Canada; but when it comes down to a republic there are some other things to be said. But this is debatable ground, while there can be no question as to Brazil being unfit for popular government. The despatches are provokingly meagre and indefinite. We are left very much in the dark as to what the whole trouble is about. Readers will remember that only a few weeks ago word came of the suppression of the uprising of the Fanatics. This was supposed to be a guarantee of peace. It will also be remembered that the husband of the daughter of the late Emperor Dom Pedro was said to be instigating a movement for the restoration of the empire. That the present rebellion is inspired by the Monarchist seems very clear.

THE CONDITION OF THE PROVINCE.

Referring to some recent observations of the COLONIST, the Columbian says "there are people who feel certain taxes to be very oppressive." This is doubtless true. If it were not true the absence of such a condition would be phenomenal. Undoubtedly in all communities the incidence of taxation falls more heavily upon some people than upon others, and equally undoubtedly is it the bounden duty of the government to seek to distribute the burden as equitably as possible. If any improvement upon the present system can be suggested, the COLONIST will promise for itself, and it thinks it can promise for the government, that it will be given the best possible consideration, without regard to the quarter from which it emenates. It is greatly to the interest of the whole community that the burden of taxation shall fall upon those who ought to bear it. We assume that our contemporary has in mind among other things what is known as the mortgage tax. It will not be denied that the tax in question is warranted by every principle in economics; but it is equally true that in many cases it is paid by people who were not expected to pay it. This is true of all taxes. Thus it is proposed to tax the output of the coal mines. The assumption is that by the imposition of such a tax the coal "barons," as they are called, would be compelled to pay a portion of their profits towards maintaining the government, over and above what they now pay. This might be, and then again it might not be. It might work this way: Coal is a commodity, the price of which depends upon the supply and demand, and hence is subject to the effect of competition. The greater part of the output of the British Columbia coal mines is sold in San Francisco, where it comes into competition with other coal, besides having to pay a duty. Doubtless if the coal mine owners could afford in the face of this competition and duty to add the amount of the tax to the coal sold in San Francisco, they would do so; but if this was impracticable from a business point of view, they would probably add it to the price of coal sold in British Columbia, for it may be taken for granted that no one will pay out money in placing a commodity on the market without getting it back from the people who buy the commodity, if possible. The tax on coal would be added to the cost of production and would be got back again from the consumers. So that, granting for the sake of argument the equitableness of imposing a tax on the output of a competitive business, it is evident that the tax would be paid in the end by the very people, whom it would be the intention of the legislature to relieve from some other burden by imposing this tax. It is otherwise with a tax upon silver, gold, copper, iron or other metals. The price of these is not regulated by local competition, and hence the producer cannot shift the tax to the shoulders of the consumer, but must pay it himself.

We have discussed this matter at some little length for the purpose of showing the difficulty of adjusting a tax so that the people, who are intended to pay it, will in point of fact do so. The same thing applies to the real property tax as it affects dwellings and stores under normal conditions. When a man builds a property to rent, he expects to receive for its use sufficient to pay the interest on the cost, insurance, taxes and enough to cover wear and tear. He may not always get it; but this is the basis of his calculations. His constant effort, whether successful or not, is to get enough out of the tenant to pay the taxes over and above everything else. It is true that in most western towns of late property owners have not been able to do this but the reason is that conditions are abnormal. We are not discussing isolated cases affected by exceptional circumstances, but the general principle. There is perhaps no absolutely certain way of seeing that taxes are paid by the people on whom they are levied, but the nearest is the income tax. There is no ready way by which the income tax can be shifted from the shoulders of the man upon whom it is assessed and placed upon some one else. Yet the difficulties in the way of levying and collecting an income tax in new countries are so great as to render it almost useless as a general basis of revenue.

In discussing questions of taxation such considerations as those mentioned must be kept in mind. There is a class of writers and speakers, who, having taken a few glances at the question of taxation, have reached the conclusion that it is the simplest matter in the world to devise and put into practice a just and equitable system of taxation, that will rest lightly upon the poor man and put the burden upon the shoulders of the rich: but it is a fact which must be taken into consideration, that the rich are able in many ways to shift their burden upon those who are dependent upon them. To overlook this in framing any plan of taxation is to condemn ourselves to disappointment.

The Columbian after declaring that in its opinion the provincial government has brought the country to the very verge of disaster, says that we "have suddenly discovered a mine of extraordinary richness," which it thinks "will save our estate." Our recollection of the facts relating to the large expenditures, of which the Columbian complains, is that they were incurred on the faith of just such development as we are now witnessing. The men who took the responsibility of them had faith in the province. If their anticipations had not been realized, and the province had remained at a standstill, they would have been justly branded as false prophets, and been dismissed from office by an indignant people. It is very unreasonable, therefore, to refuse them credit, not for having been the cause of the prosperity now at hand, but for having had the wisdom to foresee that such an era was sure to come at an early day. If public men are to be held accountable for their errors of judgment, which we freely concede ought to be the case, and are not to receive any meed of credit when events show their judgment to have been well-founded, it will become impossible to induce any man of progressive views to endeavor to give the country the benefit of them. The criticism of the Columbian is the strongest possible endorsement of the wisdom of the policy which it has all along condemned.

MR. FRANK T. HUNTER, formerly of Seattle and now of Washington City, is a pushing energetic man, who would make as good a canvasser for business as can well be found. But Mr. Hunter is off in his facts, when he talks about the Yukon trade, that is if the Seattle Times correctly reports him. Mr. Hunter is represented as telling the people of the United States capital that 150 pounds of miners outfits are exempt from taxation. We are sure that Mr. Hunter would not knowingly tell what is not true, and therefore would like to ask who has been stuffing him with this yarn. The temporary exemption never was 150 pounds. Then Mr. Hunter is said to want to know why people go to the Yukon by way of Dyea and St. Michael's if it is better to outfit at Canadian ports. We do not believe that Mr. Hunter wanted to know anything so nonsensical. The Times says that Mr. Hunter is doing yeoman's work for Seattle. If it is the work of a yeoman to tell what is not true and to ask foolish questions, the characterization of his alleged work is correct; but we do not believe he is doing anything of the kind. Experience has shown that a Seattle paper cannot be trusted to repeat the multiplication table correctly when it comes to dealing with the Yukon trade.

THE Post-Intelligencer says that its fake interview with Collector Milne was "accurate and genuine." Collector Milne says it was a pure invention. The Post-Intelligencer has, on too many occasions recently, deliberately lied to make its assertions on this subject worthy of a moment's consideration. It lied only a short time ago when it printed that $100 worth of goods was exempted from duty, and it has never corrected the lie although it has been pointed out to it in the plainest terms. It lied last week when it said that the average of duty paid would not exceed $10 per head on a miner's outfit. It lied when it represented Collector Milne to be the chief officer of the Canadian Customs Service. It did worse than lie when it represented Collector Milne as brushing aside the authoritative statements made by a minister of the crown. As the Post-Intelligencer says, "when a scrub paper wants to lie" it can easily find ways of doing it.

FROM what transpired at the meeting of the city council on Monday night, there would seem to be an impression in some minds that the Victoria, Vancouver & Eastern charter and subsidy do not provide for a connection with this city. This is a mistake. The charter of the company provides for the construction of a line to English Bluff, and the terms of the subsidy require that a daily ferry service shall be maintained with Vancouver Island. Under these circumstances we do not see how Victoria can complain that her interests have been overlooked. The company cannot get a dollar's assistance from the government for the construction of a line beginning on the coast at any other point than English Bluff, and that only on condition of maintaining the ferry.

A CORRESPONDENT complains that the COLONIST did not mention on Tuesday morning that November 9 was the anniversary of the birth of the Prince of Wales. A somewhat extended experience with and in connection with Canadian journalism has failed to impress us with the idea that such an omission is at all serious.

LAST week Halifax was up in arms over the Beaver line contract, and now St. John is. The rivalry of these two cities is something which people on this coast can hardly appreciate. And yet we fight a little out here sometimes.

"Turn the rascals out"—the familiar party-cry—may be applied to microbes as well as to men. The germs of disease that lurk in the blood are "turned out" by Ayer's Sarsaparilla as effectually as the old postmaster are displaced by a new administration.

THE CANADIAN PRESS.

A NOBLE PURSUIT.

There are no blood or tears on the miner's gold. It is clean wealth and is not gained by sharp practices or the swindling of the miner's fellow man. That is one of the main reasons why there are so many noble, whole-souled fellows engaged in the business of mining.—Rossland Miner.

BY WAY OF VARIETY.

The gentleman with the aggressive odor of alcohol handed Mr. Wallace a card that read:

"Deer friend, could you be so kind
To assist a fellowman deef, dumb and blind?"

"By gee!" exclaimed Wallace, in real surprise, "is it possible you dialect poets have been reduced to this sort of thing?"—Cincinnati Enquirer.

"Did your railway make money?"

"No," replied the promoter; "we wouldn't let well enough alone."

"There was a chance of its being profitable, then?"

"Yes; but we wern't satisfied with selling stock. We had to go ahead and try to build the road."—Washington Star.

"I wonder why it is that Dr. Bonney has such a big practice. Everybody seems to be patronizing him lately."

"Yes, he's very clever. All his patients are told that they have the gout."—Chicago News.

"Stryker must be of a revengeful disposition."

"Why?"

"You remember that Miss Aughty who snubbed him so at the lake?"

"Yes."

"Well, he's married her." — Chicago Journal.

"Williams has a new cure for insomnia."

"What is it?"

"He takes a pitcher upstairs with him and goes to bed under the impression that he has to be up in time to catch the milkman."—Chicago Record.

She—Come, we might as well reach an understanding. What are you after, me or my money?

He—That's the bother of it. I've got to take both or nothing, you know.—Boston Transcript.

AMUSEMENTS.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

SATURDAY, NOV. 13,

THE TRAGEDIAN MR. JOHN GRIFFITH,

(THE GREATEST LIVING MEPHISTO.)

Presenting a Spectacular Version of Goethe's Sublime Poem,

FAUST.

MANAGEMENT OF HARRY MARTELL.

"More powerful than a sermom."

SEE THE Electrical Duel. . . . Descent Into Hades. Revel of the Brocken

Produced with every care to detail, special scenery, costumes, calciums and Electrical effects. "A Revelation in Legitimate Drama."

Prices, $1.00 and 75c.; Gallery, 50c. Seats on sale at Jamieson's. no10

THE A. O. U. W. HALL,

YATES STREET, VICTORIA,

For a limited season only, commencing.. Friday, Nov. 12th,

The Harry Lindley Comedy Co.

15—COSMOPOLITAN ARTISTS—15

Presenting a series of the most refined, amusing and interesting comedies, the best works of the leading English authors, opening with J. B. Buckstone's Adelphi Theatre (London) success,

THE FLOWERS OF THE FOREST.

"Fully deserved the applause and delighted reception with which it was greeted."—News-Advertiser, Oct. 12th.

SPECIAL FEATURES EVERY NIGHT.

Change of bill nightly and at Wednesday and Saturday Matinees.

POPULAR PRICES—Admission, 15c. Reserved Seats, 30c. and 50c. For sale at Lombard's Music Store, Fort Street. no10

SALE OF WORK.

The Ladies Aid Society of St Paul's Presbyterian church, Victoria West, will hold their annual sale of useful and fancy work, in Semple's Hall, Victoria West, on FRIDAY AFTERNOON AND EVENING, 12th instant. Doors open at 2 p.m. Supper from 5:30 to 7:30 p.m. Concert to begin at 8 p.m. Admission to the Hall 10 cents. Supper 25 cents. no5

S. A. STODDART,

The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,

68½ YATES STREET

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Spring, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.

KNIVES FORKS & SPOONS STAMPED 1847 ROGERS BROS. ARE Genuine AND Guaranteed by the MERIDEN BRITANNIA CO. THE LARGEST SILVER PLATE MANUFACTURERS IN THE WORLD

HANG WO HING KEE,

Importer and Dealer in

Chinese and Japanese Fancy Goods.

NEW GOODS JUST ARRIVED.

No. 31 Cormorant St., Victoria, B.C. P.O. Box 832.

COAL AND WOOD.

Tel. 491. SWINERTON & ODDY,

106 GOVERNMENT STREET.

EVERYBODY WANTS THEM!

Our Bargains.

Business is increasing steadily each day since we announced that we would retire on 31st December. Everything is cut. You can buy Stationery, Fancy Goods, Novels, etc., cheaper now than you ever did.

Boxes of Note Paper with Envelopes to match, 5c. each.
Boxes of Note Paper with Envelopes to match, 10c. each.
5-quire package of Note Paper at from 20c. up. . . .
5,000 25c. Paper Novels at 15c. each. . . . . .
75c. Colonial Library at 65c. each. . . . . .
Come and Price and Sample our Envelopes. You never Saw Such Values. . . . . .
Shannon Files, Letter or Cap, complete with Perforator, ndex and Cover, at $1.50 each. . . . . .
Blank Books, Memorandum Books, Letter Copying Books, at 25 per cent. off. . . . . .

Have you looked at our Bibles in the new binding? You can roll or twist them up in any shape, as if they had no back, and they come right back. A hundred per cent. better than the old and at a fraction of the price. Can sell you a Teachers' Bible, leather binding, Indian paper, that would have cost in old binding $4.00 for $1.75,

Don't Overlook Us if You Need Anything in Our Line. Money Is Not Plentiful Enough to Throw Away.

JAMIESON,

BOOKS AND STATIONERY, 61 GOVERMENT STREET. TELEPHONE NO 63.

Victoria's . . . Business Men

Encouraged by the BRIGHT PROSPECTS which are before them, they take in the situation and make preparations in order to benefit from improved conditions. . . . . .

WEILER BROS.

Are Wide Awake. The different lines they handle at 51 to 55 Fort Street are too numerous to mention. BUT they invite inspection and will be pleased to show you through their great establishment.

E. G. PRIOR & CO., Ld. Ly

ESTABLISHED 1859.

DEALERS IN

Miners, Loggers and Mill Supplies

BUILDERS' HARDWARE AND TOOLS,
BAR AND SHEET IRON, JESSOP'S STEEL,
FARM IMPLEMENTS AND MACHINERY,
WAGONS, BUGGIES AND CARTS.

Headquarters, Victoria.

BRANCH STORES AT VANCOUVER & KAMLOOPS.

WM. STEWART,

The Leading Costumer.

AN INVITATION.

The Ladies of Victoria are invited to visit our New Dressmaking Parlors, 62 Fort Street, to examine our work and see the Latest Styles in fashions and Dress Goods. It will well repay any Lady who is contemplating a new Fall Costume to Give us a call. Our Specialties are:

Ball, Evening and Dinner Costumes. All in the Latest Styles.
Fancy Dresses and Silk Waists.

Note the Address: 62 Fort St., Next to Campbell's Drug Store.

B. WILLIAMS & CO.,

CLOTHIERS, HATTERS AND GENERAL OUTFITTERS.

KLONDYKE OUTFITS.

Good Value. Low Prices.

97 JOHNSON STREET, - - VICTORIA, B. C.

QUALITY THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

WEIGHT GUARANTEED.

TELEPHONE 83. 100 GOVERNMENT STREET

A Few Good Things

Worthy of This Week's Consideration.

Received to-day direct from London, England, one case very latest styles in

RAIN CLOAKS Remember cheapness is not the essential item in Waterproof buying. Our prices are correct in this branch and every garment is warranted. Also to day from London, England, a small shipment of

GOLF JERSEYS These may be procured to advantage at once. Latest styles and moderate prices govern this department. Again—Per express to-day more new

JACKETS These are late fashions, superior quality and finish, and at cheap rates. Not so cheap that there is no value left in them, but comprise a grand line of high class coats at moderate figures.

The Westside.

J. HUTCHESON & CO., Importers.

NORWICH • UNION,

Fire Insurance Society,
Of England.

HEISTERMAN & CO.
General Agents.

THE CITY.

FINNAN haddies for sale at Jameson's, 33 Fort street. x

THE collection for the Windsor fund at the Victoria West school now amounts to $20.25.

The Badminton, Vancouver, management H. R. Stratton. Strictly first-class. Rates, $2 upwards. x

MINING camp cutlery, sheath knives, knives and forks, in single sets; heavy pocket knives, at Fox's, 78 Government street. x

FIVE men invalided from the North Pacific fleet go East by the C.P.R. to-day on their way home to the old country.

LADIES taking advantage of the free instructions given at the Y.M.C.A. parlors will do well to inspect our stock of Belding's silks and stamped linen. The Sterling, 88 Yates street. x

THE C.P.R. Telegraph offices will soon be removed to Government street, where they will occupy the premises at the corner of Trounce alley which is now occupied by the Bank of Montreal.

A PERIPETETIC spectacle vendor caught at Esquimalt disposing of his wares, which had come into the country without paying duty, was fined yesterday by Collector Milne to the extent of the worth of the goods as a reminder that the custom laws must not be evaded.

THE following battalion order has been issued by Lieut.-Col. Gregory commanding the First Battalion; Lieut. D. B. McConnan is transferred to No. 2 Company for duty. Lieuts. H. B. Haines, P. B. Fowler and J. F. Naftel, having reported for duty, are assigned as follows: Lieuts. Haines and Fowler to No. 1 Company. Lieut. Naftel to No. 2 Company.

YESTERDAY, on behalf of Alexander Begg, Mr. Archer Martin moved to set aside an injunction obtained by Messrs. A. C. Flumerfelt, Dr. Milne and W. J. Dowler, restraining Alex. Begg and his three sons, Alex. L. W., Roderick and Ralph Begg, the four directors of the charter obtained for the Stickeen-Teslin Railway Co., from dealing with the interests of the defendants in the railway franchise, and for the appointment of Sidney Aspland as receiver of the interests. Mr. Alexander Begg having been the only one served the application was only made in his behalf. Mr. W. J. Taylor opposed the motion, which, however, the Chief Justice granted, setting aside the order.

A CORRESPONDENT directs attention to the fact that in asking for contributions to the work of the Aberdeen Association, the COLONIST omitted to say what was wanted. One object of the association is the circulation of good literature in new settlements, and to enable it to do this contributions of magazines and second-hand books are solicited. Of course if any one prefers to send new books they will be equally welcome. The association is almost out of literary matter and we hope there will be a generous response to the appeal. The next meeting for putting up parcels will be held on December 1, when it is intended to send out presents suitable for Christmas. For this purpose contributions of toys, Christmas cards, Christmas books and anything of that kind will be very useful. Mrs. J. H. Turner will receive contributions.

GOETHE'S "Faust" is the announcement for next Saturday night at the Victoria theatre, the young tragic actor John Griffith appearing as Mephistopheles. It was but a few years ago that young Griffith first ventured on a starring tour, and since then he has been more than kindly dealt with by the critics and public. He is said to be a sterling young actor, with real tragic ability, a good physique, and a voice as formidable as that of his old perceptor in the art, Thomas W. Keene. Mr. Griffith is not yet twenty-eight years old, but he has won much renown in various characters, and his impersonation of Mephisto has been conceded to be a better work than that of any other American actor who has appeared in the part. It is strong, masculine and vigorous, a good embodiment of evil triumphe, and shows the cunning that belongs to the character. He is a devil who is a diplomat as well as a bully, and the irony and biting sarcasms are delivered with a keen understanding. The staging of the play has received much attention from Mr. Griffith's managers, and a carload of special scenery, electrical and calcium accessories, is promised.

Warm Underwear, Socks and Macintoshes at W. & J. Wilson's.

CARPENTER tools at Cheapside. x

OGILVIES . . .

FOR KLONDYKE. HUNGARIAN FLOUR.

It is made from Manitoba hard wheat. You can get more bread out of 100 pounds than you can get from 120 pounds of soft wheat flour. It is stronger and better than other brands. Save weight and freight and take OGILVIES.

WILSON, the man accused of forgery, was brought before the police magistrate yesterday morning, and remanded till to-day.

YESTERDAY Gordon, accused of stealing the effects of his partner, Jones, who disappeared last summer in the Omineca, was brought before the chief justice, but was again remanded.

MR. JACOB SEHL met with a very serious accident yesterday morning. As he was leaving for his place of business in the morning he fell down the steps of the Vernon building, breaking his nose and a couple of his ribs, besides receiving some severe bruises.

THE funeral of the late Wm. Foot took place yesterday afternoon from Hayward's undertaking parlors, and at Christ Church cathedral, the Rev. Canon Beanlands officiating. The following gentlemen acted as pall-bearers: L. Duval, G. W. Anderson, R. W. Savage, D. Berry, A. Pim, P. Francis.

THE Ladies' Aid Society of the Congregational church will continue their sale of work to-day in the Temperance hall, opening at 10 o'clock this morning, and will continue throughout the day. From 12 to 2 o'clock they will be pleased to entertain their friends with a lunch, for which a small sum will be charged.

THE coast mines are more and more attracting their share of attention, the latest deal being the bonding of the Raven property on Texada island owned chiefly by Messrs. Blewett and Chas. Spratt. Mr. Adams, of Rossland, has just bonded the Raven for $30,000. The Van Anda mine is looking in splendid shape the working shaft being about completed, while on the dump there is a large quantity of ore.

TO-DAY a Queen's Jubilee programme will be given at Cinematograph hall on Yates street, eight of the leading features of the great parade in London being shown, with seven selections from the list put on Monday, including the Spanish bull fight, "shooting the chutes," children's dance and soldiers swimming the river Saone. Saturday will be a jubilee day for school children, with sixteen "pictures alive."

HOWARD HENLEY, charged with stealing a pair of blankets from the Rock Bay hotel, was yesterday convicted and remanded for sentence till to-day. Henrich Donaldson who was charged by a Jap with assault was discharged as the prosecutor was not the man hit at all. Donaldson owned to hitting the Jap's chum and the prosecutor admitted this to be the case so Donaldson was discharged.

IT is understood that the last time Mr. Justice McCreight will occupy the bench will be at the next sitting of the Full court, which is to be held on November 17. For some time past the venerable judge has been closing up the business which has been before him, and it is now a number of months since he has heard any cases. Now everything being in good order, he will retire to the well earned rest to which his long and honorable career has entitled him.

YESTERDAY afternoon and evening till a quarter to eleven o'clock was occupied in the police court hearing evidence in behalf of the defence of Jung Pak Hok accused of stabbing the Jap Sosake. Mr. Helmcken, who acted for the defence, called a number of witnesses for the purpose of proving that the accused was not mixed up in the fight at all, but that the wounded Jap was mistaken as to the identity of his assailant. The case was further continued till this morning.

YESTERDAY morning one of the prisoners in the chain-gang working in the quarry behind the jail, quietly slipped away and made his escape. His name is John Johnson and he was serving a six months' term for stealing a ring in September last. John had a leg iron on, but when he got out of sight he slipped the tell tale bar up his leg and made towards Cadboro Bay. This was about 8 o'clock yesterday morning. Search was at once made for him and his description was promptly sent around so that the wild bird might be returned to the anxious ones looking for him. At 10 o'clock Mr. Liddell, one of the night guards who had been roused from bed to take part in the hunt, found Johnson at the back of the Tolmie farm and soon had him under arrest again.

THE sale of fancy and useful articles prepared by the Ladies' Aid Society of the Congregational church opened yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The rain undoubtedly kept a number away, but the ladies made good sales. Supper, a first class one, too, was served shortly after 6 o'clock and was enjoyed by a large number. At 8:30 His Worship the Mayor was called to the chair and presided during the first of the programme, Deacon D. K. Spragg acting chairman during the latter part. The numbers were all well received. Just before the intermission the pastor in a few words of explanation asked His Worship to present Miss Huxtable, the organist, on behalf of the members of the church and congregation with a purse containing a piece of gold, as a small token of appreciation of her disinterested services. This interesting act was gracefully performed by His Worship.

Overcoats and Scotch Tweed Suits at W. & J. Wilson's.

Boys' Overcoats $2.25, $3.00 and $4.50. Boys' Pea Jackets $1.25, $1 75 and $2.75. B. Williams & Co.*

Boys' Rigby Waterproof Ulsters $4.50. Men's Rigby Waterproof Ulsters $7.00. B. Williams & Co. x

RETURN FROM TAGISH.

Customs Officers and Provincial Police Reach Victoria by the "Walla Walla."

Snow Ten Feet Deep on the Summit of the Dyea Trail.

Somewhat unexpectedly there arrived by the Walla Walla yesterday afternoon three of the customs officers and one of the provincial police force who since last summer have been assisting in the collection of Canadian duties at Tagish Lake. They reached Skagway in time to take advantage of the coming south of the little steamer Homer and were carried by her to Port Townsent, where the Walla Walla was boarded for Victoria. Those who composed the party are customs officers F. W. Davey, F. Hinds and W. W. Hall and special provincial constable S. H. Jackson.

They left Tagish Lake on October 18 in company with provincial police officers F. Bevan, F. McGrath and Capt. Rant. When they reached Skagway, through some misunderstanding about the time of the Homer's sailing, the last three named were left behind.

All the Victorians look in capital health after their rough outing in the wilds, and as Mr. Jackson said yesterday, "We might have been reported starving, but we always managed to get our three meals a day."

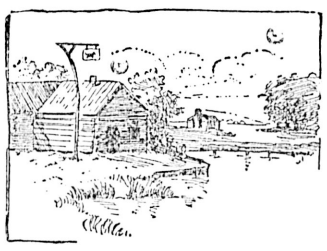
Mr. Hinds stated last night that there was very little snow at Tagish lake on the 18th when they left, but at the summit of the Dyea pass they found snow 10 or 12 feet deep. At Tagish lake the Northwest mounted police have by this time, Mr. Hinds expects, completed building their log barracks, and they and Mr. Godson, the collector of customs at Tagish, will be quite comfortably housed for the winter. Twenty-six mounted police form the detachment at Tagish for this winter, and while some were busy putting up the barracks, the others were getting their supplies over the pass from the coast as quickly as possible when Mr. Hinds and his companions left.

There was not the least difficulty in collecting the duties this year Mr. Hinds says, and Mr. Godson did not follow any easy going method of allowing more goods to pass than the 100 pounds temporary exemption. The law was strictly enforced, the duties being collected to full amount of everything above the 100 pounds exemption.

Major Walsh and his party reached the lakes two weeks ago, and will push ahead as promptly as possible, having heed, however, to their food supplies.

On the Homer on the way down there was one young man from San Francisco, who had come through from Dawson City, which he left about October 1. This man had some gold with him, but was very reticent about the amount, and so the Victorians failed to learn it. He bore out the story of a good many former arrivals as to the shortage of provisions at Dawson. His name was not known to Mr. Hinds, but the passengers promptly nick-named the young fellow "Dawson."

Now that there is a strong detachment of Mounted Police at Tagish, Mr. Godson will have all the backing he requires in enforcing the collection of duties.



Fifty Years Ago.

Who could imagine that this should be
The place where, in eighteen ninety-three
That white world-wonder of arch and dome
Should shadow the nations, polychrome...
Here at the Fair was the prize conferred
On Ayer's Pills, by the world preferred.
Chicago-like, they a record show,
Since they started—50 years ago.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills

have, from the time of their preparation, been a continuous success with the public. And that means that Ayer's Pills accomplish what is promised for them; they cure where others fail. It was fitting, therefore, that the world-wide popularity of these pills should be recognized by the World's Fair medal of 1893—a fact which emphasizes the record:

50 Years of Cures.

TUPPER & PETERS.

The Members of This New Firm, British Columbia's Latest Adopted Sons, Arrive in Victoria.

Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper, formerly minister of justice for the Dominion, and Hon. Frederick Peters, ex-premier and attorney-general of the province of Prince Edward Island, arrived in Victoria yesterday evening, with the intention of becoming permanent residents. For the present the two gentlemen, with the members of Sir Charles' family who accompanied him West, are guests at the Mount Baker. They will, however, lose no time in securing establishments of their own in this city of homes.

It would take more than the downpour of last evening to dampen the enthusiasm of these two adopted British Columbians, in regard to the bright prospects of the province, and of this city more particularly. Sir Charles in conversation with a member of the COLONIST staff last night, reiterated that in his opinion the most sanguine as to the great future of British Columbia cannot begin to appreciate the magnitude of the rush to this direction next spring. The thousands upon thousands who are determined to reach the Klondyke or die, will naturally outfit at the point on the coast whose advantages are most forcibly impressed upon them now.

Seattle realizes this, and is adopting every means at her command for the advancement of her claims. Victoria should, as the Klondyke is in Canada, be able to make out a stronger case than any American port. And—a word to the wise is sufficient.

In all of which Hon. Mr. Peters concurs.

The two gentlemen purpose practising their profession of the law in partnership, with their offices in Victoria, having formed a high opinion of the city's prospects during their recent stay here in connection with the proceedings of the Behring Sea commission. They are here a little in advance of the spring influx of population, on the established Western principle that it is well to be in "on the ground floor."

Of course under the laws of this province it will be necessary for them to be residents for a period of six months before being admitted to practice here. It is, however, quite possible that the members of the law society or of the legislature will see the propriety in the case of a former minister of justice of the Dominion and the ex-attorney-general of a sister province, to dispense with this formality of probation.

This is, however, something with which Messrs. Tupper and Peters do not at present concern themselves. They are here to comply with all statutory requirements, and enter practice as soon as may be conveniently possible. Victoria as a city will give them and the members of their households a cordial welcome.

THE limelight concert to-morrow evening at the Kingston street hall in aid of the Second Victoria Company Boys' Brigade is going to be a very attractive one judging by the following programme: Animated statuary; Poor Pa's Pants—How he lost 'em—comic story; Eddystone Lighthouse—Day, Moonlight, In a Storm; Dr. Jameson's Dash to the Transvaal, 20 illustrations; Sights of the World—Paris and London; The Dog Difficulty, comic story—Mark Twain; "Rock of Ages," illustrated hymn; Britain's Soldiers, Scenes of Famous Battles; Aurelia's Young Man—How she lost half of him—comic; "At the Gate of Heaven"—pathetic story; Brown and Jones' Fence, a neighbors' quarrel; "God Save the Queen."

THE regular Saturday evening concert under the auspices of Perseverance Lodge, I. O. G. T., will be held on Saturday in Temperance hall under the management of Mr. G. F. Watson, the popular vocalist and choirmaster of Calvary Baptist church. A programme of rare merit has been prepared including an address of fifteen minutes duration from Rev. Mr. Swinnerton. Temperance and song duets, trios, etc., from such well-known local artists as Mrs. Clyde, Mrs. Watson, Miss Noot, Mr. Firth, Mr. Brown and others. Mr. Brown will sing one of his humorous Scotch songs. Mr. Ogg, of San Francisco, will take the chair and it is hoped that the hall will be filled and thus help along a good work.

PROTECTING SUGAR ESTATES.

New Spanish Commander Seeks to Restore Crippled Industry.

HAVANA, Nov. 10.—Captain General Blanco has issued a circular to the Spanish military commanders in the different provinces of Cuba, instructing them to favor the owners of sugar estates by all means in their power, and to encourage those who may be less disposed than others to grind their cane. The captain general is desirous that sugar cane grinding should proceed on a large scale.

THE COAL TRUST.

The Attack Upon Officials Must Be Commenced Over Again.

ALBANY, N.Y., Nov. 10.—The appellate division of the supreme court to-day agreed with Judge Chester in vacating the order compelling the coal trust presidents to appear before a referee. The position, therefore, in the matter is that the attorney-general can, by making a new affidavit, begin the attack upon the coal road presidents all over again, and that then the law's constitutionality can be decided.

DAILY COLONIST, 20 cts. a week, delivered.

THEY SELL ON SIGHT.

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MAGIC AIR-TIGHT HEATER

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For CORRECT GLASSES 37 COME TO US.

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MEN'S STORM ULSTERS.

Best of all garments for hackmen, drivers and those exposed to the cold and wet, are storm-proof ulsters. Some so-called ulsters are cheats. They're made of course, short, shoddy wool fibre, cheaply made. Real storm ulsters are made of strong Kersey cloth, with large collars, side pockets and straps on back; mostly heather mixed. These we speak of to-day are of dependable goodness.

$7.00.

CAMERON

THE CASH CLOTHIER, 55 JOHNSON STREET.

PICKLES

15c. Per Pint.

Don't insult your stomach with a poor pickle, especially when you can buy a good pickle cheap. We are selling our pure, wholesome, well preserved pickles made from carefully selected vegetables, as the cheapest good pickle in the city. 15 cents per pint.

D. R. POTTINGER,

"The Ideal," 96 Yates Street.

TOILET • SOAPS.

A full line of extra fine Toilet Soaps just in. Try our

Special Brand.

Remember, all our goods are money back if not satisfactory.

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55 YATES STREET,

Prompt Delivery. Telephone 448.

MRS. W. BICKFORD,

61 to 63 Fort Street, Victoria.

We have now in stock a complete assortment of . . . . . .

BELDINGS,

Art Wash Silks, Stamped Linens and Bulgarian Squares for Ladies going to MISS PHILIPS' Needle Work Classes. Exhibits and lessons free. . .

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WHITE COTTON RAGS WANTED

At the Government Printing Office, James Bay.

THE HEINTZMAN & CO.

PIANOS

are now fitted with the

Patent Agraffe Bridge.

The most important improvement in Piano construction for the past fifty years.

Nordheimer and other well known makes also in stock. . . . .
See our Bell Piano at $250.00. Its a beauty. . . . . .
Estey, Bell and Berlin Organs. .

M W. Waitt & Co.

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IS MANUFACTURED BY

THE LAKE WOODS MILLING COMPANY

You may be sure of good bread. Use none other than "KEEWATIN."

COAL. COAL.

New Vancouver Coal Co., Ltd., - - Nanaimo, B.C.

Victoria Agents:

KINGHAM & CO,

Office cor. Fort and Broad St.; Tel. No. 233.

PER TON.

Double Screened Southfield Coal.....$5.00
Double Scr'd New Wellington Coal... 6.00

Of 2,000 pounds, delivered to any part of the city; weight guaranteed.

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Healthy. Invigorating.

Private Trade Specially Catered for.

Depot—Victoria Cold Storage Co., Ld.
Telephone No. 44.
P.O. Box 315, Victoria.

GEO. B. HARRISON,

AGENT,

VICTORIA, - - B. C.

GINGER ALE.

Prize Medal, World's Fair Chicago 1893.

THORPE & CO., LTD

THE SCHOOL TRUSTEES

Discuss Many Matters for the Betterment of the City Schools.

In Future the Teachers' Institute Will Meet After Hours With Optional Attendance.

Last night the board of school trustees held their regular monthly meeting, and after a session of an hour and a half, during which much public business in connection with educational matters was put through, the board resolved itself into committee of the whole, with closed doors.

A bare quorum was in evidence when the first item was taken up, which came in the form of a request for some supplies for Victoria West school, and Mr. Tait's wants were ordered to be attended to, an outfit of towels at the same time to be purchased for all the city schools.

Trustee Mrs. Grant thought that the seating accommodation for visitors in the different class-rooms was very short and a few additional chairs be supplied to each of the teachers.

A letter asking for 200 chairs to be put in the gymnasium on the occasion of assemblages was read from the principals of the Central and High schools, when Trustee Hall moved that the supply committee be given power to move some of the chairs now stored at the North Ward school to Central. This was carried.

Various applications for positions on the teaching staff including one all the way from the City of Mexico, were read and laid on the table, there being no vacancies at present.

From Vancouver came a letter from A. Oldershaw, agent Smead, Dowd Co., in connection with the defective heating at the South Ward school, stating that he had spent four days investigating the trouble, and incidentally stating that the caretaker's suggestion to improve the draft might do in a coal pit but would not work in a school building. Some other reasons were also pointed out why the system did not work properly, and stating that an instrument to test the air pressure was on the way from Toronto when he would be able to make a full report. The letter was filed.

A refund of money paid on account of a tuition fee charged a pupil who had not attended school was authorized to be made.

A request from Fidelity lodge of the Good Templars for the use of a room at the Spring Ridge ward school for meeting purposes was then taken up and on motion resolved that a spare room be rented to the lodge as desired at $2 per month.

A request that his salary should be increased by at least $5 per month was made by the janitor of the North ward school and for the winter months or until the 1st of April it was decided to pay the extra $5 per month.

Other requests for "more" came from Miss Alexis Russell, of the Central school, who stated that she had to take charge of two divisions, and from Jno. J. Stevenson, Victoria West, who pointed out that he had taught for four years and had not received any tangible proof that he had earned the approval of the board, he being the lowest paid male teacher with one exception now on the staff.

Supt. Eaton thought that there were some inequalities in the salaries paid and a proper scale might be devised to remedy this.

Trustee Mrs. Jenkins pointed out that Miss Russell has many more pupils than other teachers and has practically two classes to attend to, a chart class and a primer class.

It was pointed out by Chairman Hayward that in two months' time the whole question of salaries must be discussed.

Miss Russell's salary will be increased by $5 from December 1, and Mr. Stevenson's application was laid on the table.

A report from A. B. McNeil of North Ward, covering a draft of a limit table which had been submitted to Dr. Pope, was read, and proposing that a test be made of it. This was laid on the table for further consideration.

The school attendance during the month of October was:

Average daily attenance, 2,058.42.
Average actual attendance, 2,037.56.
Pupils actually attending, 2,265.
Average per teacher, 46.2.

On comparison it was found that the average attendance last month was 64 higher than the previous months and was 92 higher than a year ago.

Trustee Yates remarked—"That is what Klondyke is doing for us."

The finance committee reported the usual accounts for the past month amounting to $178.31, which were ordered paid.

Additions and alterations to some of the school buildings and grounds was then taken up, whereupon Trustee Yates stated that with respect to trees for the North Ward ground the lot had been filled in with clay, and it would be necessary to excavate the clay and fill in with soil.

The repairs committee were given power to attend to certain small matters requiring attention.

A new supply of black boards was decided upon as a necessity, and many of those now in use have proved to be defective.

The trustees then went into committee with closed doors, and it was decided to rescind the resolution passed on September 25, 1893, granting teachers permission to attend the meetings of the teachers' institute during school hours. In future these meetings will be held outside of school hours, and the attendance at them by teachers will be optional.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

What is Dixi H. Ross going to do about it?

The best of all Pills are BEECHAM'S.

CULTIVATION OF FLAX.

Points to Be Observed in the Profitable Cultivation of This Product.

To the Editor:—It is very gratifying to me to observe the interest manifested by so many in an effort to promote the successful and profitable cultivation and manufacture of flax in this province, and incidentally thereby to stop one of the enormous and altogether unnecessary leaks which, if permitted to continue, will eventually result in very materially affecting the welfare of this province exceptionally rich in natural resources.

My desire, in ever so small a measure, to assist in these laudable efforts is my only apology for again occupying space in your valuable and widely read paper.

In my last letter I endeavored to show that our soil and climate, and now add *water*, are particularly adapted to the growth and preparation of a very choice quality of flax, suitable for the manufacture of the finest linen fabrics, as well as sacking materials, ropes, twine, etc.

Readers of the Colonist will also remember the reference to the opening for the profitable investment of capital by developing the manufacture of flax products here, thus occupying our own market, and, in at least one essential particular, assisting in the development of the agricultural resources of our own province and country.

Reference was also made to the report of special agent C. R. Dodge, of the U. S. department of agriculture, respecting the very satisfactory results of the Barbour mill test, conducted with fibre grown in the Puget Sound region, and of the very high value placed by those eminent manufacturers on the products of that test, also that such report applied with equal force to fibre grown in British Columbia, for the reason that our soil and climate is identical with that on the United States side of the line.

The fact having been established then, that flax, equal in quality to the best grown in any part of the world, can be grown in this part of North America, the question naturally arises, how can we learn in what particular portions of sections of this province can flax culture be most successfully and profitably carried on, or are all sections equally susceptable to profitable flax culture? From my own observations in the matter I believe that certain pretty clearly defined localities will be found best adapted to the production of the finest grades of flax fibre, while the coarser grades can be grown almost anywhere.

My reasons for this opinion is as follows: While a good, warm, rich loaming, well drained soil is undoubtedly the best in which to grow the best quality and and largest quantity of flax fibre in the greatest perfection, I have grown as fine a crop of flax as I have ever seen produced, on practically bare blue clay; at the same time I would not recommend any one else to try that experiment.

Again, I have seen flax sown on similar soil, in appearance, that was not worth pulling, thus demonstrating the fact that there is a lack or total absence of the essential elements necessary for the growth and development of the flax plant, in that and kindred soils.

My best results as to bulk and quality of crop have been obtained from bottom land, well underdrained, and having a retentive, blue clay sub-soil, strongly impregnated with iron, underlaid with a vein of bog-iron ore.

From the manner in which we were accustomed to prepare the flax for manufacture in Ontario (invariably the dew retting process), the first few years covered by my experiments I adopted that process; I scutched the flax and exhibited it at the Westminster exhibition simply to show what could be produced here; efforts were also made to interest both the board of trade and the city council, as well as the provincial government in the development of the flax industry.

Since then however I find that flax retted in the water of this neighborhood when the process is complete after breaking and scutching very much superior to that prepared by dew retting consequently as the difference in value between the finished fibre prepared by the dew retting process and that prepared by the water retting process is from $40 to $80 per ton it is evident that if we aim to produce the best fibre possible the question of location of factory would depend somewhat on where the best facilities for carrying on successfully all the processes necessary in the manufacture of the finished product can be obtained.

While growing flax for fibre will I believe be very profitable for our farmers, the growing of flax for the seed cannot be done profitably, that is to say, if we desire to produce the flax that is most valuable in quality, as explained in my former letter, the best quality of flax used in the manufacture of the finest linens, is mature long before the seed is ripe, hence the most profitable for the farmer for the reasons there given. Again, except as a first crop on swamp or other lands exceptionally rich in nitrogen, grown with a view to rendering rich lands less liable to produce immense crops of straw rather than grain, I do not think we can compete with the farmers of Manitoba and the Northwest in growing flax seed, in fact while a certain quantity of seed will be obtained from flax grown for the fibre, the seed is of secondary consideration altogether when it is a question of quality and value of product.

Henry T. Thrift.

Hazelmere, B. C., Nov. 8, 1897.

CAPT. WHIDDEN'S FORTUNE.

Another Report of Discovery of the Cocos Island Treasure.

There seems to be another chapter in the story of the search for the Cocos island treasure in a despatch from San Francisco yesterday, stating that the steamer City of Sidney which arrived yesterday morning at that city had aboard Capt. Augustus Whidden, who had discovered the much sought for treasure. Whidden is described in the despatch as a partner of Gissler, the German, who left California five years ago to search for the buried gold, and who remained on Cocos island till quite recently. Whidden was one of those who sailed from Victoria on the Aurora when that schooner set off on her cruise to Cocos island. He remained behind on the island with a man named Livingstone when the Aurora sailed for home again. Gissler and Capt. Whidden, according to the story told at the time of H. M. S. Imperieuse's visit to the island, had started in a sloop for the mainland.

Lamps of every description at Weiler Bros.; the finest range of table and hanging lamps to be seen on the coast. *

Seagram's Whisky and "Thistle Blend"

SOLE AGENTS,

R. P. RITHET & CO., Ld.

ON THE WATER FRONT.

Steamer "City of Nanaimo" Afloat and On the Way to Victoria.

She Is Leaking Badly and Will Be Docked for an Examination.

Nanaimo, Nov. 10.—(Special)—The steamer City of Nanaimo, Captain Owen, arrived at her dock this morning, having been pulled from her unpleasant position in False narrows by the Kodiak at 3:30 a.m. She was towed into the harbor by the steamer Thistle, and her cargo was transferred to this steamer which sailed this evening for Comox with passengers, mails and freight. The steam valves of the City of Nanaimo were repaired at the Nanaimo foundry, and she sailed for Esquimalt this evening at 8 o'clock.

The Nanaimo is leaking badly, but it is impossible to obtain the extent of her injuries by her contact with rocks in the False narrows until she has been placed in the dock.

Captain Johansen of the Kodiak after taking on a second cargo of coal went down to the disabled City of Nanaimo yesterday afternoon and stayed by her all night until he succeeded in pulling her off the rocks. This action of Captain Johansen shows a hearty appreciation of the kindly intentions of Captain Owen of the Nanaimo in his attempt to save the Kodiak while she was on the reef in False narrow, and which was the cause of the mischief to the City of Nanaimo.

Mr. H. K. Prior was on the scene last night while the Joan was lying in the narrows to render any assistance that might be required.

SAILED FOR 'FRISCO.

The Pacific Coast Steamship Walla Walla sailed last night for San Francisco with the following cabin passengers: Charles Rieveley, John Hewetson, Frank Dresser, Miss L. Martin, Miss B. Hewetson, Miss J. Watson, A. D. Reid, P. McCulloch, W. A. Smith, O. K. Oleson, John Ewing, J. J. Grafton, A. Turner, Mr. and Mrs. A. De R. Taylor, Miss N. McCallum, W. R. Jones, Mrs. G. Miles.

MARINE NOTES.

The ship Kilbrannan which after her wreck a year ago was repaired at Esquimalt and sold to a United States firm, left Tacoma on Tuesday with wheat for Britain. She is now registered under the United States flag and is named the Marion Chilcott.

ENTERED.

Str. Charmer..... from Vancouver.
" City of Kingston " Port Townsend.
" Walla Walla .... " " "

CLEARED.

Str. Charmer..... for Vancouver.
" City of Kingston. " Port Townsend.
" Walla Walla..... " San Francisco.
Sloop Eileen..... " Vesuvius Bay.

MANY OLD PEOPLE SAY

That Paine's Celery Compound Is the True Fountain of Youth.

The Only Medicine That Makes Old People Happy and Well.

It should be remembered that when the feeling of old age comes on it is due to a weakened nervous system. One of the most prominent medical writers of the day says: "The various pains, rheumatic or otherwise, which old people often complain of, and which materially disturb their comfort, results from disordered nerves."

When you feel old, whether you are twenty or eighty, use Paine's Celery Compound, as it will assuredly strengthen and build you up. The great medicine has added years of peace, free from the infirmities of old age, to thousands of lives.

Old people should bear in mind that Paine's Celery Compound purifies the blood when it moves slowly and sluggishly, removing rheumatism, neuralgia, heart palpitation, nervous weakness, sleeplessness, and troubles with kidneys, liver and stomach. In a word, Paine's Celery Compound makes the old feel vigorous and young.

Finally Digested.

It is said that an American went into a London bookseller's and asked for Hare's "Walks In London." In the United States it is printed in one volume, in England in two.

"Oh," said the Yankee as he looked at them, "you part your Hare in the middle, do you?"

"I, sir?" said the clerk, with a bewildered look. "Oh, no, sir!"

"I saw he didn't see the joke," said the Yankee, "so I didn't explain, but bought the books and went away. A week later I entered the same shop. As soon as the clerk saw me he approached me, exclaiming: 'Good, capital! Part your hair in the middle? That's capital, sir—capital!'"—Anecdotes.

The elephant is the chief beast of burden in Siam and Afghanistan. An "elephant load" is estimated at two tons.

The oldest building in Chicago is the Green Tree tavern, in Milwaukee avenue, and it is only 68 years old.

COWICHAN AGRICULTURISTS.

Annual Meeting of the Society—Addresses by Messrs. Anderson and Paterson on Farmers' Institutes.

On Saturday afternoon, Nov. 6, there was held the annual general meeting of the Cowichan Agricultural Society. The chair was taken by the president, F. H. Maitland-Dougall, at 2 p.m., with about seventy people present, the greater portion being members. The minutes of the previous meetings being read and adopted the president briefly referred to the past year's work and the success of the exhibition. The secretary-treasurer presented his reports, stating that there were 150 entries more than last year, while the funds were more than sufficient to cover all liabilities for the year.

A vote of thanks was accorded to Mr. T. A. Sharpe, of the Experimental Farm, for the handsome exhibit he had brought down, and which had been greatly appreciated.

The following officers were elected: President, G. T. Cortield; vice-presidents, Capt. Barkley, R.N., and J. W. Flett; sec.-treas., G. H. Hadwen; executive committee, F. H. Maitland-Dougall, W. R. Robertson, W. C. Duncan, E. Lomas, J. McPherson, A. Bell, A. R. Wilson, H. Bonsall, A. Drummond, C. T. Gibbons; auditors, W. H. Lomas and the Rev. S. A. Leakey.

Votes of thanks to the auditors and retiring officers were passed, and the president called on J. R. Anderson to address the meeting on the subject of farmers' institutes.

Mr. Anderson stated that he had no intention of lecturing to farmers, but would confine his remarks to pointing out the objects and provisions of the bill and to the advantages they could secure under the act with the systematic co-operation it afforded. Better terms with traders, transportation companies and so on could be obtained than by individual efforts. He said that the provincial government was endeavoring to secure for the British Columbia farmers the reports and literature published by the Ontario government, which were very interesting and reliable. He hoped that the publications issued from his own department would be more numerous than heretofore. He introduced Mr. T. F. Paterson, whose services had been temporarily secured, and said that the government intended to provide delegates and speakers to visit the various territories.

Mr. Paterson then addressed the meeting on institute work. His address was eminently practical and gave a very lucid idea to the audience of the institute system in Ontario and of its advantages. He stated that he had that morning visited the Cowichan Creamery and spoke very highly of the building the butter, the general arrangements and the way it was kept, and congratulated the district for having such a factory. He compared the agricultural appropriations in various countries, saying that France spent $8,000,000 on agriculture, keeping up 15 agricultural colleges, besides veterinary and horticultural schools, and had in consequence in the last year or two increased the output of farm products nearly 50 per cent. In Austria they spent $4,000,000, and Germany nearly as much, in the same line. The various states of the Union spend a great deal of money on agriculture. The experimental stations of the United States were rather prone to giving information before being sufficiently sure of their ground, and the Guelph authorities for reliable information, gathered from prolonged and careful work, looked to England and Germany.

In making up the Farmers' Institute act, from which the British Columbia act was largely taken, Mr. Hodson, the superintendent of the Ontario system, had compared the rules and acts of all the states in the Union, and embodied all the best points in his act. Professors Mills and Panton held the first twelve meetings in 1884 in Ontario; in 1896 606 meetings were held. The institutes were the places where farmers should conduct business interesting them all, compare results and methods, consider the best means for fighting weeds and insect pests, etc. The boys of the farm should attend these meetings in order to interest them in their work.

He considered that farming in this province was full of very knotty problems, and the conditions varied so quickly that it was a difficult question to recommend any system, as it might prove unsuitable to one of two neighbouring valleys. He thought in consequence that the institute was likely to do a great deal of good in this province, as offering the means of farmers exchanging opinions as to their work. He had intended to speak on silos and ensilage, but the hour was late, and he would undertake to come again and speak on this subject.

Mr. W. C. Duncan in moving a vote of thanks to Mr. Paterson said that he liked that gentleman's remarks about the creamery but reminded him that we had to meet the Dominion government when we came to sell our butter as it was assisting the territories to build, equip and work creameries helped them after all that to ship their butter into B. C.

The chairman asked Mr. J. Sluggett, of Saanich, who was present, to say a few words.

Mr. Sluggett said that it was too often the case that farmers instead of working together were jealous of each other, but he thought the meeting seemed wonderfully harmonious and said it spoke well for Cowichan farmers that they had pulled together and built their creamery whereas Saanich had failed. He maintained that B. C. fruit was of better quality than anything they had to the south of us and the only fault that could be found with our fruit was in the packing, but the industry was only in its infancy and this would soon improve.

The meeting then adjourned, Messrs. Anderson and Paterson leaving by the evening train to hold a meeting at Cobble Hill.

There Is Only One Direct Route

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You Save Time and Money by Travelling via the

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY

—AND—

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The Only Line Running Through First-Class Sleepers, Dining and Day Coaches from

Pacific to Atlantic Without Change.

For full particulars as to rates, time, etc., apply to GEO. L. COURTNEY, Agent, Victoria, B.C.
E. J. COYLE, Dist. Pass. Agent, Vancouver, B.C.

C. P. Navigation Co., Ld.

TIME TABLE No. 29.
Takes effect December 24th, 1896.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday, at 1 o'clock.
Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday, at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island—Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.
For Plumper Pass—Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock.
For Moresby and Pender Islands—Friday at o'clock.
Leave New Westminster for Victoria—Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass—Thursday and Saturday at o'clock.
For Pender and Moresby Islands—Thursday at o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Company will leave for Fort Simpson and intermediate ports, via Vancouver, the 1st and 15th of each month at 8 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer, will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Tees leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound Ports the 10th, 20th and 30th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.
Victoria, January 1st.

PACIFIC COAST STEAMSHIP CO

The Company's elegant steamers *City of Puebla*, *Walla Walla* and *Umatilla*, carrying H.B.M. Mails, leave *Victoria, B.C.*, for San Francisco, at 8 p.m., Nov. 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, Dec. 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, Jan. 4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29. Due at San Francisco a.m., Nov. 8, 13, 18, 23, 28, Dec. 3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28, Jan. 2, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27, Feb 1. Leave *San Francisco* for Victoria, B.C., at 9 a.m., Nov. 2, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27, Dec. 2, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27, Jan 1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31. Due at Victoria, a.m., Nov. 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, Dec. 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, Jan. 4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29, Feb. 3.
The elegant steamers *Corona* and *City of Topeka* leave *Victoria* for Alaska Oct. 27, Nov. 6, 11, 21, 26, Dec. 6, 11, 21, 26, Jan. 5, 10, 20, 25. Due back at Victoria Nov. 8, 18, 23, Dec. 3, 8, 18, 23, Jan. 2, 7, 17, 22, Feb. 1, 6.
R. P. Rithet & Co., Agts., 61 & 63 Wharf St., Victoria, B. C.
J. F. Trowbridge, P S. Supt., Seattle, Wash.
GOODALL, PERKINS & CO., Gen. Agts. S.F.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY CO

Commencing Monday, November 1, 1897, the STEAMER

City of Nanaimo, W. D. Owen, Master.

will sail as follows, calling at way ports as freight and passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria, Monday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox, Tuesday 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo, Thursday, 8 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria, Friday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria Station, Store street. no15-tf

A NERVOUS DEBILITY SUFFERER in an aggravated form shows it in his face—a haggard, worn-looking man. The same with women. But what of the man who has lost all vital and manly power, and yet looks like a physical giant? That is just the question to which Dr. Sanden has devoted twenty years of study. It is true that men who look strong ARE weak in this respect. Dr. Sanden has found the cause and explains it in his little work, "Three Classes of Men," which he sends free by mail, sealed from observation, or can be had at his office. It gives full information relating to

DR. SANDEN'S ELECTRIC BELT

It might be worth your time to read the little book. Get it, or call and see this wonderful Belt.

ADDRESS:

DR. A. T. SANDEN,

156 St. James St. Montreal, Quebec.

VANCOUVER BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

ASSAYER.
A. MACFARLANE, 623 Hastings street.

AUCTIONEERS.
JOHN RANKIN, Hastings street.

AUCTION ROOMS AND STOCK BUYERS.
COOMBES & LASH, 17 Cordova street.

BANKS.
BANK OF MONTREAL.
WULFFSOHN & BEWICKE, Ltd.
BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

CANNING SUPPLIES.
JOHN LECKIE, 632 Granville street.

CLOTHIERS.
GEO. R. GORDON, 74 Cordova street.

CONFECTIONERY.
OBEN & TAYLOR, (lunches) 413 Hastings st.
GREGOR & FREURE, 506 Hastings street.

DRUGGISTS.
JOHN RIED, (simple remedies) cor. Hast. & Gr.
OWL DRUG CO., 76 Cordova street. J. F. Jacke.
THE McDowell, Atkins, Watson Co., Ltd. Lby.

DRY GOODS, ETC.
GORDON DRYSDALE, 150 Cordova street.
JAS. STARK, Importer, 30 and 32 Cordova st.

FOUNDRIES—IRON AND BRASS.
ROSS & Howard & Co., Alexander st. nr. Carroll.

GENTS' FURNISHINGS.
PAGE & PONSFORD BROS., Hastings street.

GROCERIES.
THE B C. Supply Co., gen mchd. 112 Cordova.

HABERDASHERS.
DUNLAP, COOKE & CO., Cordova street.

HOUSEHOLD SUPPLIES.
Z. FRANKS—New and second hand furniture.

HARDWARE.
McLENNAN, McFEELY & Co., 122 Cordova St.
THOS. DUNN & CO., LTD., 8 and 10 Cordova.
VANCOUVER HARDWARE CO., 144 Cordova st.
E. G. PRIOR & CO., Ld.

HOTELS.
MANOR HOUSE—Rates $2.00 and $2.50.
BOULDER—Hotel and Restaurant.
GRAND HOTEL, 612 Cordova street.
GOLD HOUSE, Am. and Eup. plan; free bus.

JEWELLERS AND WATCHMAKERS.
GEO. E. TROREY, 102 Cordova street.

LOAN BROKERS.
GUNS and Bicycles wanted at S. Weaver.

MILLERS.
THE BRACKMAN & KER MILLING CO., Ld. Mill stuffs, etc.

REAL ESTATE AND INVESTMENTS.
CEPERLEY, Loewen & Campbell, 301 Hastings.
B.C. Land & Investment Agency Limited.
RAND BROS., financial and mining brokers.
D. F. DOUGLAS, 334 Cambie street.

MONEY TO LOAN.
G. E. FARRER, LL.B., 534 Hastings street.

METAL MERCHANTS.
JOHN BOYD & CO.

MERCHANT TAILORS.
M. ROBINSON, 629 Hastings street.
DAN STEWART, 130 Cordova street.
S. McPHERSON, 155 Cordova street.
J. G. CAMPBELL, New York tailor, 325 Cambie

OPTICIAN AND WATCHMAKER.
ALBERT UFFORD, 58 Cordova street.

PLUMBERS, ETC.
SAMUEL A. WYE, 725 Hastings street.

REAL ESTATE AND FINANCIAL.
MAHON, McFARLAND & MAHON, Hastings st

REAL ESTATE BROKERS.
C. S. DOUGLAS, Cordova street.

RESTAURANTS.
BOULDER, corner Cordova and Carroll streets

SAIL AND AWNING MAKERS.
ED. LIPSETT, (tents for rent) 69 Water street.

SOAP MANUFACTURERS.
STANDARD SOAP CO., Findley & Co., prop.

TEA IMPORTERS.
CEYLON TEA CO.—W. A. Clark, 50 Cordova st.

UPHOLSTERER AND MATTRESSER.
C. CATTELL, 725 Hastings street.

UNDERTAKERS AND EMBALMERS.
KEMP & SIMPSON, 51 Cordova street.

WALL PAPER DEALERS.
J. K. DAVIS—Latest styles.

WHOLESALE GROCERIES.
KELLY, DOUGLAS & CO.

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THOS. H. WOOTTON—Furniture moving. 725 Hastings street.
VANCOUVER TRANSFER CO.

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.
LANGLEY & HENDERSON BROS.

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.
S. DOWING & SON, 610 Granville street.
HOPKIRK & SPENCE, 427 Cordova street.

Commercial Hotel.

Best $2.00 a day house in Vancouver.

G. THOMAS Proprietor.

For Signs,

Scene Painting and Decorating call on the Globe Sign Works 314 Homer street, Vancouver.

THOS. SHARP, Manager.

Union Steamship Co. of B.C., Ld

Head Office and Wharf, Vancouver, B.C.

NORTHERN SETTLEMENTS—SS. Comox sails from Company's wharf every Tuesday at 9 a.m for Bowen Island, Howe Sound, Sechelt, Jervi Inlet, Froeck, Texada Island, Lund, Hernando Island, Cortes Island, Read Island, Valdez Island, Shoal Boy, Phillips Arm, Frederick Arm, Thurlow Island, Loughborough Inlet, Salmon River, Port Neville, and sails every Friday at 11 a.m. for way ports and Shoal Bay, calling at Bute Inlet every six weeks.
Moodyville and North Vancouver Ferry.
Freight steamers Capilano and Coquitlam capacity 300 tons d.w.
Tugs and scows always available for towing and freighting business. Large storage accommodation on Company's wharf.
H. DARLING, Manager.
Telephone 94. P.O. Box 771. jy18

NOTICE.

Estate of C. W. Kammerer, Deceased.

All claims against the said estate must be sent in to T. N. Hibben & Co. within 14 days of this date.

E. C. COLLISTER, Executrix.
J. K. LEWIS, Executor.

Victoria, B.C., Oct 29, 1897. oc29

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the city of Victoria, at its next session, for a transfer of the license issued to Jos. Levy upon the premises known as the Arcade Restaurant, situate on Government street, in the city of Victoria to H. E. Levy.

J. LEVY.

October 29, 1897. no1

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the city of Victoria, at its next session for a transfer of the license issued to Henry Harris, upon the premises known as the Colonist Hotel, situate on northeast corner of Elizabeth and Simcoe streets, in the city of Victoria, from the said Henry Harris to Alf Wood.

HENRY HARRIS.

no5

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the city of Victoria, at its next session for a transfer of the license issued to Alfred Wood, upon the premises known as the Colonist Hotel, situate on the northeast corner of Elizabeth and Simcoe streets, in the city of Victoria, from the said Alfred Wood to Edward Smith.

no5 ALFRED WOOD

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia at its next session, by the British Columbia Electric Railway Company, Limited, the purchasers of the rights, powers, privileges and franchises of the Consolidated Railway Company, for an Act extending for two years the time for the completion of the works authorized by section 42 of the Consolidated Railway Company's Act, 1896.

Dated this 5th day of November, 1897.

McPHILLIPS, WOOTTON & BARNARD,
no6 Solicitors for the Applicants.

RE THE DUPLOCK BOOK AND STATIONARY CO., LTD LIABILITY, IN LIQUIDATION.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to the 20th of November next for the purchase of the stationery, stock-in-trade and fancy goods of the above company now in the premises, No. 531 Granville street, in the City of Vancouver. Tenders may be made for the said stock en bloc or for such portions of such stock as the tenderer may desire, but must in each case be accompanied by a marked cheque for 10 per cent of the amount of the tender which shall be forfeited in the event of the person whose tender is accepted failing to complete the purchase. The terms of sale will be cash, but the highest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted. The stock list can be seen at the office of A. St.G. Hamersley, Solicitor, Hastings street, Vancouver, to whom application can be made to inspect the stock.

A. E. BECK,
Official Liquidator

Dated at Vancouver, this 30th day of October, 1897. no1

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY CO.

NOTICE.

To prospectors, miners and holders of mineral claims on unoccupied land within the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Company land grant *FOR ONE YEAR ONLY* from the date of this notice, the Railway Company will sell their rights to all minerals (excepting coal and iron) and the surface rights of mineral claims, at the price of $5.00 per acre. Such sales will be subject to all other reservations contained in conveyances from the Company prior to this date. One-half of the purchase money to be paid ten days after recording the claim with the Government, and a duplicate of the record to be filed in the Company's Land Office, Victoria, on payment of the first instalment. The balance of the purchase money to be paid in two equal instalments, at the expiration of six and twelve months, without interest. Present holders of mineral claims who have not previously made other arrangements with the Company for acquiring surface and mineral rights, are hereby notified to at once make the first payment on their claims as otherwise they will be deemed and treated as trespassers

LEONARD H. SOLLY,
Land Commissioner

Victoria, B.C., June 1st, 1897. jo5

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the province of British Columbia at its next session by the Trusts and Guarantee Company, Limited a corporation incorporated in Ontario, under the "Ontario Joint Stock Companies' Letters Patent Act," and under the "Trusts Company Act 1895," on the 24th day of February 1897, for an act confirming and conferring upon it the powers of the said Company as the same appear in the Letters Patent deposited in Ontario with the Provincial Registrar and upon the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council, and with its consent, that the said Company may be appointed by any judge of the Supreme or County courts of the Province of British Columbia to execute the office of executor, administrator, trustee, receiver, assignee, guardian of minor or committee of a lunatic without giving security; and for all further and necessary powers as may be incidental or conducive, to the attainment of the above objects or any of them.

Dated October 6th, 1897.

HERBERT E. A. ROBERTSON,
8 Bastion Square, Victoria, B.C.
Solicitor for the Trusts and Guarantee Co., Ltd.
oc7

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the province of British Columbia at its next session for an Act to incorporate a company with power to construct, equip, operate by any kind or kinds of motive power, and maintain either a standard or narrow gauge railway for the purpose of conveying passengers and freight, including all kinds of merchandise, from a point at or near Portland Inlet or Portland Canal, Cassiar District, British Columbia by the most direct and feasible route to a point at or near Teslin Lake; and with power to construct, equip, operate and maintain branch lines and all necessary roads, bridges, ways, ferries, wharves, docks and coal bunkers; and with power to build, own, equip, operate and maintain steam and other vessels and boats; and with power to build, equip, operate and maintain telegraph and telephone lines in connection with the said railway and branches; and to carry on a general express business, and to build and operate all kinds of plant for the purpose of supplying light, heat, electricity or any kind of motive power; and with power to expropriate lands for the purposes of the company; and to acquire lands, bonuses, privileges, or other aids from any government, municipality, or other persons or bodies corporate; and to make traffic or other arrangements with railways steamboats or other companies; and with power to build wagon roads to be used in the construction of such railway and in advance of the same, and to levy and collect tolls from all parties using and on all freight passing over any of such roads built by the company, whether built before or after the construction of the railway; and with all other usual, necessary or incidental rights, powers or privileges as may be necessary or incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them.

Dated at the City of Victoria the 4th day of August, A.D. 1897.

HUNTER & OLIVER,
au5 Solicitors for the Applicants.

CHAS. HAYWARD,
Funeral Director and Embalmer
32 Government Street, Victoria.
The largest and best appointed Undertaking Establishment in the Province.

LATEST novelties in art embroidery, both cotton and silk; no particular brand of silk used. Instructions given free of cost, from November 5th to Dec. 20th. Mrs Ostrand, 129 Cormorant street. n3

A Wonderful Medicine.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

For Bilious and Nervous Disorders, such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Fulness and Swelling after meals, Dizziness and Drowsiness, Cold Chills, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations, &c. THE FIRST DOSE WILL GIVE RELIEF IN TWENTY MINUTES. This is no fiction. Every sufferer is earnestly invited to try one Box of these Pills, and they will be acknowledged to be

WORTH A GUINEA A BOX.

BEECHAM'S PILLS, taken as directed, will quickly restore Females to complete health. They promptly remove any obstruction or irregularity of the system. For a

Weak Stomach, Impaired Digestion, Disordered Liver,

they act like magic—a few doses will work wonders upon the Vital Organs; Strengthening the muscular System, restoring the long-lost Complexion, bringing back the keen edge of appetite, and arousing with the Rosebud of Health the whole physical energy of the human frame. For throwing off fevers in hot climates they are specially renowned. These are "facts" admitted by thousands, in all classes of society, and one of the best guarantees to the Nervous and Debilitated is that Beecham's Pills have the Largest Sale of any Patent Medicine in the World.

PREPARED ONLY BY
THOMAS BEECHAM, ST. HELENS, ENGLAND.
OF ALL DRUGGISTS.

NERVOUS DEBILITY

Is due to over-work, over-study, over-exhaustion or some form of abuse. When you abuse yourself you begin to decline. Now just stop it and get cured with the great Remedy-Treatment

HUDYAN

This remedy-treatment cures Nervous Debility, Neurasthenia, failing or lost manhood. It has been used by over 10,000 men on the Pacific Coast, and these men are now cured men. If you doubt this read their testimonials or consult Hudson Doctors free.

HUDYAN

Is to be had only from

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Write for Circulars and Testimonials.

BLOOD POISON

When you are suffering from Blood Poison, no matter whether it be in the first, secondary or tertiary form, you can be cured by the use of the

30-DAY CURE.

Write for 30-Day Circulars.

HUDSON MEDICAL INSTITUTE,

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Consult Hudson Doctors Free.
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Send a stamp for our beautiful book "How to get a Patent," "What profitable to invent," and "Prizes on Patents." Advice free. Fees moderate. *MARION & MARION, EXPERTS,* Temple Building, 185 St. James Street, Montreal. The only firm of **Graduate Engineers** in the Dominion transacting patent business exclusively. *Mention this paper.*

F. C. DAVIDGE & CO'Y,

Commission Merchants and Shipping Agents,

—IMPORTERS OF—

JAPANESE RICE, SILK AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE

Agents for North China Insurance Co., Ltd. (Marine)

BOARD OF TRADE BUILDING, VICTORIA, B.C.

NOTICE.

STOCK CERTIFICATES
STOCK LEDGERS,
STOCK JOURNALS
MINERS' PAY SHEETS,
MINERS' CASH ABSTRACTS
MINING REPORTS
MINING MAPS AND PLANS
SEALS.

LITHOGRAPHED
LETTER PRESS

WRITE FOR SAMPLES AND PRICES TO

THE COLONIST,

VICTORIA.

GEO. A. SARGISON,

NOTARY PUBLIC,

Accountant and Agent.

No. 42 Langley Street.

THE LOGS.

In thronged procession gliding slow
The great logs sullenly seaward go.

A blind and blundering multitude
They jostle on the swollen flood

Nor guess the inevitable fate
To meet them at the river gate

When noiseless hours have lured them down
To the wide booms, the busy town,

The mills, the chains, the screaming jaws
Of the eviscerating saws.

Here in the murmur of the stream,
Slow journeying, perchance they dream

And hear once more their branches sigh
Far up the solitary sky.

Once more the rain winds softly moan
Where sways the high green top alone.

Once more the inland eagles call
From the white crag that broods o'er all.

But if beside some meadowy brink
Where flowering willows lean to drink,

Some open beach at the river bend
Where shallows in the sun extend,

They for a little would delay
The huge tide hurries them away.

—Charles G. D. Roberts in Youth's Companion.

ROLAND'S WIFE.

It was scorchingly hot in Carminster one July afternoon. The streets were empty. Even the cathedral rooks were dozing, and the only signs of life seemed to be the chatter dimly heard through the door of the quaint old inn.

In the great cathedral it was less sunny, but almost equally close and oppressive.

Roland de le Fanu felt as if the heat and dust of centuries were somehow shut into that vast nave and as if historical associations weighed on his tired brain.

He was one of a party being "shown round" the building. Here was the inevitable would be archæologist, now positive, anon doubtful of his dates, two or three clergymen, a schoolmaster and his class and a few young girls.

In the crypt it was cooler, but damp and musty smelling. Through the heavy oak door passed the weary, but garrulous verger, his chattering flock at his heels. Then began more tiresome discussions anent slypes and squints.

"This 'ere," said the verger, raising his not too musical voice to drown the talking of the others—"this 'ere was once the private chapel of the De le Fanus. That stone marks where the altar stood. Over here is where Sir Gilbert Archesmont defied the abbot in the year thirteen 'undred and fifty. Notice this 'ere dog tooth molding—most perfect example of its kind in England."

"There is finer at Canterbury," growled some one.

"Pardon me, you must mean Lincoln—or is it York that I am thinking of?" said the archæologist.

The descendant of the De le Fanus turned aside to his sister. She smiled and put her arm through his.

"I am so tired!" she whispered.

"Never mind, dear. We've nearly done, and we could not have left without seeing our old family tombs, so"—

"The Le Fanu tombs," broke in the panting verger. "They date back to 1310. This is the oldest of them all. Notice the rich work round the sides, and, as you see, the figure is missing from the top. It is the wife of old Sir Roland de le Fanu, who died in the 'Oly Land. His wife died of grief three days after the sad news reached her. The effigy is said to have been stolen, though some there are who say that life was given to it and it walked. I don't 'old with that myself. On this side are the tombs of Reginald and Sir Bevis de le Fanu."

Roland spoke to the girl next him.

"The effigy," said he, "that is missing from that tomb is the one of all others that I should most have liked to see. She was our great, great—I really cannot say how great—grandmother, and, oh, I beg your pardon. I thought you were my sister."

It was a tall, slight girl, wrapped in a light grayish dust cloak, to whom he had spoken, and who now responded gracefully and with a shade of amusement in her manner.

The sudden transition from the dark crypt to the brilliant sunshine was bewildering. Roland and his sister stumbled along to the monastery ruins, and then, seated on a heap of fallen stonework, they rested. He was disappointed on looking round for his cloaked divinity to find that she had not followed them.

* * * * * * *

In Carminster a quiet night succeeds the peaceful day. Roland, sitting by his window, watched the round moon rising behind the fretted spire of the cathedral and was filled with a sudden longing.

His stay in the place had been brief and would end early on the morrow. The sketches he had made were few, and his visits to the cathedral had always been paid in company with others, in the "improving" society of the dean or in that of the unsympathetic verger. What if he were to steal out now, when the garish day was done and the moon high in the clear sky?

Yes, he would, he must go. The temptation was not to be resisted. He would study tracery and carving under the magic light which made their beauties seem as something unearthly. He rose and left the room, treading softly so as not to disturb the other inmates of the house. Quietly as he went the dean, sitting at work in the study, heard him and opened his door.

"Anything amiss, Roland?" he asked cheerfully.

Roland, half ashamed, confessed his romantic ideas to his host, who surprised him by sympathizing with them.

"By all means. Our lovely cathedral never looks more exquisite than by moonlight."

"I should like," said Roland, taking courage, "to have one more look at the tombs and chapel of my ancestors before I leave."

"Certainly, certainly. You are a direct descendant of Joan de la Fanu, are you not?"

"Yes. And I don't thank the vandals who stole her effigy. I should have preferred that they had taken any of the others."

"Have you copied her epitaph yet, or sketched the tomb?"

"No, I have had no good opportunity, but I should uncommonly like to do so before I go, and I shall not have time tomorrow."

He spoke wistfully, and the dean laughed.

"Here, then," said he. "I see what you are fishing for. Take the keys. This large one opens the little northwest door, whence a staircase leads straight down to the back of the chapel. You can't make a mistake, only do not fall down the broken stairs, do not lose the keys, do not forget to lock up after you and, above all, don't set the place alight, or I'll never forgive you."

Roland promised everything required of him and went off.

Roland sought and soon found the little door to which he had been directed and from which the steps led straight down into the crypt of the cathedral. The key made but little noise, even in the great stillness, and Roland, groping his way down, soon found himself at the back of the little chapel and in great darkness. Closing his eyes for awhile to accustom them to the change, he could soon distinguish the outlines of the arches and moved forward quite confidently.

Some might have thought the hour and place eerie, but Roland was neither nervous nor superstitious and boldly advanced to where the moonlight, finding oblique entrance through the grating in the roof and near one of the great windows of the cathedral above him, shone clearly and brightly over the tombs.

It has been said that he was neither nervous nor superstitious, but suddenly he stopped short, and the throbbing of his own heart seemed for the moment to startle him, for here, just before him, within touch of his hand, was the great table tomb and extended upon it, apparently, a recumbent female figure.

Whoever, whether mortal or superhuman workman, had made such an effigy was possessed of no ordinary skill. The exquisite suggestion of repose conveyed by the graceful posture, the arrangement of the sculptured folds of raiment, the beautifully chiseled features, all were alike lovely, and Roland gazed at them long, as if he were literally entranced and not under the influence of some delusion of the senses, some trick of overexcited nerves, which must soon fade away. He fell on his knees on the stepped base of the monument and gently laid his lips on the little white fingers which were so temptingly near him. As he did so a thrill seemed to pass through him and through the figure on the tomb. The delicate eyelids quivered, the shadowy lips parted in a faint sigh, and the next instant his statue was indeed imbued with life and spoke:

"Where am I? Oh, where am I?"

Roland repressed the suggestion that she was reclining on her own tomb and spoke gently and as if her present position were a matter of course:

"You are in the crypt of Carminster cathedral."

The effigy sat up, pressing her cold hands to her now burning temples. Then she raised her great dark eyes to Roland's face.

"I got shut in," she said simply. "I lingered a moment to look at this tomb, because—well, because you were so much interested in it, and the verger never missed me—the pillars hid me. I heard the key grate in the lock and ran and called and banged, but no one came, and, oh, I was so frightened!" She was quivering with cold and shock, and Roland supported and comforted her. "But for you I might have staid here in this awful place all night," she murmured. "It's simply horrible!" she went on. "You wouldn't believe what noises there are when it's empty and no one here. What made you come back? Was it to look for me?" she asked naively.

He told her then how and why he had come back, giving her time to wipe away a few stray tears, which she hoped he did not see and to pull off the necktie from about her head. Then he found her hat for her in a shadowy nook and prepared to take her home.

She was glad of the support of his arm, and the clinging touch of her fingers sent a thrill through him which he seemed to feel long after they had parted.

"I recognized you again at once," she said to him as they ascended the rickety staircase together.

"I, too, remember you quite well. We were fellow tourists or sightseers this morning, and I have thought of you many times since and always as the lady in the gray cloak."

She smiled very humanly.

"My real name," she said simply, "is Joan."

Roland started slightly, and as he pressed her hand at parting murmured beneath his breath:

"By the Wille of God, Joan, the beloved wife of Roland de le Fanu, Knight and Gentlman."—Princess.

Humble Circumstances.

"I can always tell a novel written by a woman."

"How?"

"She makes the men characters so deadly sentimental."

"Well, I can always tell a novel written by a man."

"In what way?"

"He makes all the woman characters so gentle and obedient."—Chicago Record.

The Sarcastic Nobleman.

"I am sorry, count, but papa says he'd rather see me dead than married to you."

"Inde-e-ed! Your fathaire is evidentlee an—what you call—an economicale persone. He knows ze funeral cost not so much as ze wedding."—Cleveland Plain Dealer

THE HILLS.

The giant hills repose, a mighty host,
Blind servitors of fate, for good or ill,
Unthinking, helpless, favored slaves at most,
Impassive workers of the Master's will.

Though free from labor of the hand or heart,
From man's dissension, greed and grief or joy,
Yet toiling subjects, with allotted part,
Like silent vehicle or childhood's toy.

All liberty is bondage of degree.
Apparent happiness may nourish pain.
Our freedom oft is but the turning key
In door that sorrow bids us close again.

The quiet mountains feed the springs of life,
That well or dry at heavenly command,
And flood or famine, loss or gain, is rife.
The hills contribute with subjective hand.

There lies in barren peak the timbered height,
A wealth beyond the optimistic dream,
But mortals grope until the way is light,
Till fortune smiles and earth reflects the beam.

Success and failure have unknown array.
The sun may scorch and clouds the rainbow show.
All hills are actors in a fateful play,
The mute, majestic serfs of weal or woe.

—Jean More in Atlanta Constitution.

AN UNKNOWN GRAVE.

Four men were seated upon a trader's veranda at Maduro, one of the Marshall islands. The night was brilliantly moonlit, and the hull and spars of a little white brig that lay anchored in the lagoon about a mile distant from the trader's house stood out as clearly and distinct as if she were but 50 yards away from where they sat.

Three of the men present were visitors—Ned Packenham, the captain; Harvey, the mate, and Denison, the supercargo of the Indiana. The fourth was the trader himself, a grizzled old wanderer of past 60.

It was long past midnight, and the old trader's numerous half caste family had turned in to sleep some hours before. It so happened that the old man had just been talking about a stalwart son of his who had died a few months previously, and Packenham and Denison, to whom the lad had been well known, asked his father where the boy had been buried.

"In there," replied the old man, pointing to a small white walled inclosure about a stone's throw from where we were sitting. "There's a good many graves there now. Let me see. There is Dawney, the skipper of the Maid of Samoa, and three of his crew; Peterson, the Dutchman—him that got a bullet into him for fooling around too much with a pistol in his hand and challenging natives to fight when he was drunk; two or three of my wife's relatives, who wanted to be buried in my boneyard because they thought to make me some return for keeping their families after they were dead; my boy Tom and the white woman."

"White woman?" said the mate of the brig. "Did a white woman die here?"

"I'll tell you all I do know, and a —— queer yarn it is too. In those days I was the only white man here. I got on very well with the natives and was doing a big business. There were not many whaleships here then, but every ten months or so a vessel came here from Sydney, and I was making money hand over fist.

"The house in which I then lived stood farther away toward the point, in rather a clearer spot than this. You can see the place from here and also see that a house standing in such a position would be visible not only from all parts of the inside beaches of the lagoon, but from the sea as well.

"My wife—not the present one, you know—was a Bonin island half bred Portuguese woman, and as she generally talked to me in English and had no native ways to speak of we used to sit outside in the evenings pretty often and watch our kids and the village people dancing and otherwise amusing themselves on the beach.

"Rotau, the head chief of this lagoon, one night told us that a canoe had come from Milli, an island about three days' sail to the leeward of Waller's place, and reported that a ship had passed quite close to their island about a week before.

"After we had sat talking for awhile my wife called the children in and put them to sleep, and Rotau and I and his wives sat outside a bit longer smoking. It was a moonlight night, almost as bright as it is tonight, and the sea was as smooth as a mill pond—so smooth, in fact, that there was not even a break upon the reef, and, the trade wind having died away, there was not the sound of a leaf stirring in the palm grove.

"We had been sitting like this for about half an hour, when Nora, my wife, just as she was coming out of the door to join us, gave a cry.

"'Te Kaibuke! Look at the ship.'

"I jumped up and looked, and there, sure enough, was a big ship just showing round the point and close in, not more than a mile away from the reef.

"For a moment I was a bit scared, remembering that there was not a breath of wind and yet seeing her moving. Then I remembered the current and knew that she must have run up to the land from the westward before dark perhaps, and that as soon as the breeze had died away the current, which runs about four knots, had caught her and was now moving her along. I took her to be either a Yankee or British North American.

"Just as I had asked Rotau to get one of his women to hunt up a boat's crew he sang out: 'Listen, Ted. I hear a boat.'

"In another moment or two I heard it myself plain enough—click clack, click clack—and at the same time saw that the ship was heading away from the land.

"I knew the ship was right enough and could not get into any danger, as the current would take her clear of the land in another hour or so, so we all went to the point to see where the boat was coming.

"As soon as she was within 100 [illegible] them to keep a bit to starboard, as there was a big coral bowlder right in front of the spot they were steering for.

"'Aye, aye!' answered the man steering, and he did as I told him. In another minute or two the boat shot up on the beach, and we crowded round them.

"'Stand back, please,' says the officer, speaking in a curious, hurried kind of way, and then I saw that he had a pistol in his left hand, and that the men with him looked white and scared, and seemed to take no notice of us.

"Two of the men jumped out, and then we saw that there was another person in the boat—a woman. She was sitting on the bottom boards, lying against the stern sheets, and seemed to be either asleep or dead. The officer helping them, they lifted her up and out of the boat and carried her ashore. Then the officer turns to me, and I saw that though he tried to speak quietly he was in a flurry over something.

"'What's all this?' I said. 'What's the matter? What have you got this pistol in your hand for, and what is the matter with this woman?'

"He put the pistol out of sight pretty quick, and then, speaking so rapidly I could hardly follow him, said that the lady was the captain's wife, and she had been taken ill very suddenly, and her husband, seeing my house so close to, had determined to send her ashore and see if anything could be done for her.

"'That's —— queer,' I said. 'Why didn't he come with her himself? Look here—I don't believe all this. How did he know, even though the house is here, that a white man lives in it? And I want to have a look at the woman's face. She might be dead for all I know.'

"By this time my wife and one of Rotau's wives had gone up to the woman, and I saw that, although she wasn't dead, she looked very like it, for her eyes were closed, and she seemed quite unconscious of all that was going on. She was young—about 25 or so—and was rather pretty.

"'Please take her to your house,' says the officer, and as soon as we have towed the ship out of danger the captain will come ashore and see you.'

"'Hold on!' says I, and I grabbed him by the arm. 'Do you mean to say you're going off in this fashion without telling me anything further? Who are you anyway? What is the ship's name?'

"He hesitated just a second and then said: 'The Inca Prince, Captain Broughton. But I can't stay to talk now. The captain himself will tell you about it in the morning.'

"And then, before I could stop him, he jumped back out of my reach into the boat, and the four sailors, two of whom were niggers of some sort, shoved off, and away they went again.

"Well, we carried the woman up to the house and placed her in a chair, and the moment my wife took off the woolen wrapper that covered her head and shoulders she cried out that there was blood running down her neck. And it didn't take me long to discover that the woman was dying from a bullet wound in the back of her head.

"We did all that we possibly could for the poor thing, but she never regained consciousness, and toward sunrise she died quietly. There was nothing about her clothing to show who she was, but she wore rings such as would belong to a woman of some position. That she had been murdered I could not doubt, and perhaps some day, even after all these years, the crime may come to light."

"But what became of the ship?" asked the mate of the Indiana.

"Out of sight by 8 o'clock in the morning. As soon as I saw what was the matter with the woman I knew that we need not expect to see any one from the ship back again."

"I wonder what the true story of that woman's death was?" said Packenham thoughtfully as he looked toward the place where she was buried.

"Heaven only knows," answered the old trader. "Whether it was a mutiny and her husband was murdered, or whether the officer who came ashore with her was the captain himself and her husband as well I cannot tell. Anyway, I have since learned that there never was a ship named the Inca Prince. I've told the story to every shipmaster I've met since that night, and it was written about a good deal in the English and American newspapers. Then the affair was forgotten, and, like many another such thing, the secret may never come out."—London Chronicle.

Steel Plates For Boilers.

The progress made in engineering is notably exhibited in the fact that of late years iron plates for the construction of boilers have been almost entirely superseded by homogeneous steel plates, these having a greater tensile strength than iron plates and a greater elasticity and ductility. The standard tests now require a tensile strength of from 55,000 to 60,000 pounds per square inch—that is, the quality of the steel plate is required to be such that a bar one inch square would necessitate a force of 60,000 pounds to pull it asunder, and in such process the ductility of the steel would cause it to stretch somewhat, so that at the point of fracture there would be a marked reduction of area in the bar, the amount of this reduction deciding in a great measure the quality of the steel as adapted to boiler construction. In making specifications for boilers, therefore, especially for high pressures, it has come to be a condition that the steel plates shall be of the above named tensile strength per square inch, and that the reduction of area at the point of fracture under a test like the above shall be not less than 56 per cent—that is, the metal stretched under the test or strain so that, on breaking, it was less than one-half the original area of the bar. Such tests determine the quality and ability of the steel plates when made up into a boiler to adjust themselves to the expansion and contraction of the metal caused by the varying temperatures to which the boiler is subjected when it is set up and put in use

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THE THERMOMETER.

ESQUIMALT STATION, Nov. 10, 1897.
Report for 24 hours ending 9 p.m.

1 a.m..	47°	Mean 45°	The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:
6 a.m..	45°		5 a.m.—Calm.
9 a.m..	44°	Highest 49°	1 p.m.—4 S.
1 p.m..	47°	Lowest 43°	9 p.m.— 8 N.E.
5 p.m..	44°		Rain—.34.
9 p.m..	43°		Cloudy.
			Sunshine—0 h. 0 m.

Barometer 9 m.... Observed ..... 30.140 Reduced 30.107

On the Back

of the prescription your doctor gives you is generally the name of some city druggist. Don't be misled; your doctor is quite satisfied if you take the prescription to *your own druggist* to be filled. Our customers bring their prescriptions to

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Pioneer Drug Store, 59 Johnson St.

Open till 11 p.m. daily, except Sunday.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer KINGSTON from the Sound—Capt George, J A Ritcher, M A Myers, W G Blaker, Mrs Rolling, Miss Readman, E E Evans, W J Farrel, H Brady, J Brundge, T Adams, W Jones, H C Bindell, Mrs Allis, J Jenkins, F Durand, F W Nader, P O'Brien, J Krau and wife, W Krau, M Morgan, D J Bradi, J Unger, Mrs Parr, J L Chase, Mrs Chase, and R W Jennings.

Per steamer CHARMER from Vancouver—Sir Chas H Tupper, Lady Tupper and maid, Misses Tupper, F Peters, Senator McInnes, D R Ker, Robt Rer, J T Bethune, Jno Byron, D McGillivray and wife, J W Paterson, J A Snider, C J Piper, Thos Armour, C G Tilton, F B Pemberton, C N Gowen, P B Fowler, W Menzies, C Ashworth, M Strouss, D Miller, A M Bullock, H J Scott, Mrs Brydson, A A Shaw, Hon S Tollemache, Mrs Fox, H R Lehman, W R Wilson, F Wall and wife, J Mathers, Robt Boyd, F Belway, D W Ross, Jno Dillon, E W Turner, Mrs Dowler, Mrs Gordon Grant, D H B Holmes, E M Skinner, Clarence C Johns, Caroline Johns, E C Sutherland, W McGirr, A Fenton, and Ed Douglas.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer KINGSTON from the Sound—Lowenberg & Co, Hutchings & R, Thompson Staty Co, C C Henderson, J L Webster, H E Levy, Hastings Mill Store, T J Annandale, E W Carr, W F Smith, Vict Tr Co, W J Smith, Langley & H Bros, T C Gibbons, Canadian Paint Co, P T Patton, R Baker & Son, Vaio & Brooks, Hickman T Hdw Co, and W Jackson.

Per steamer UMATILLA from San Francisco—Albion Iron Wks, A & W Wilson, Chung Lung, Can Pac Nav Co, D H Ross & Co, E G Prior & Co, E J Saunders & Co, E B Marvin & Co, Erskine Wall & Co, F R Stewart, F F Gold, Fernando & Reda, Giant Powder Co, Geo W Hinton & Co, Hudson Bay Co, H Law, acct A F Engelhardt, Hickman Tye Hdw Co, J C Meiss & Co, J G Hay, Jno Wilson, J J Mulholland, John Barnsley & Co, J H Todd & Son, J & A Clearihue, Langley & Henderson Bros, Mansell & Bostock, On Hing Bros, Province Cigar Co, P McQuade & Son, Patton & Son, Quong M Lung & Co, R Baker & Son, R E Gaswell, R P Rithet & Co, R Maynard, S J Pitts, Spratt & Gray, Simon Leiser & Co, Vaio & Brooks, Vict Phoenix Brewg Co, Wilson Bros, W M Goodchild, W J Taylor, A Haslam, A R Johnson & Co, Camillo Sampietro, U Nelson, Tilton Bros, Y Vena & Co, C S Philp, McMillan & Hamilton, W H Malkin, Winch & Bower, A Godfrey, and Wells Fargo & Co.

Per steamer CHARMER from Vancouver—Jno Coltart, A & W Wilson, E & N Ry, S Leiser, order Bank of Commerce, Bessinger & Co, M Strouss, Johns Bros, J Mitchell, Albion Iron Wks, F W Foster, H B Co, Col Ind Rev, A McGregor & Son, A Baker, Braden Bros, C P N Co, C H Bowes, D R Pottinger, E Spillman, J Earman, Mrs M J Thompson, Ramsay Bros, T F Geiger, R R Bayne, J H Warner, Clark & Pearson, Jas Maynard, Erskine W & Co, F Carne jr, Wm Duncan, Thorpe & Co, Mrs Cullinson, Canada Paint Co, Nicholles & R, Turner B & Co, R Jameson, A B Erskine, J McKenzie, Challoner & Mitchell, F Landsberg, Rippen & Botsford, D H Ross, and Dom Exp Co.

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FOR NICARAGUA CANAL.

Requests That Proceeds of Recent Railway Foreclosures Be Devoted to That Enterprise—Military in Request.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 10.—The trustees of the chamber of commerce have adopted a resolution asking the United States government to set aside the money obtained from the payment of the debts of the Union, Central and Kansas Pacific railroads, the fund to be applied to the construction of the Nicaragua canal. The government is also to establish a patrol of the Yukon river, and to station two additional artillery regiments at San Francisco.

Confirmed in His Seat.

MONTREAL, Nov. 10.—Hector Champagne, the Liberal member for Two Mountains in the Quebec legislature, has been confirmed in his seat by the court of review, which held the petition against him to be irregular.

Another consignment of beautiful.... MONUMENTS Just to hand at T. Bradbury's works

Cormorant Street, one block above City Hall.

A FINE NEW BUILDING.

Bank of Montreal to Be Established in More Elegant Quarters by Monday.

A Beautiful Structure, the Product of Local Skill and an Ornament to Any City.

The new premises of the Bank of Montreal on Government street are now approaching completion, and it is expected that the bank will take possession on Saturday next so as to be open for business on Monday. To those who have not been in the magnificent new banking chamber, there will be a surprise in store, for the character of the work and fittings is wonderfully fine. The banking room measures 60 feet in length by 40 feet wide and is 18 feet high. The first thing that strikes the eye on entering at the doorway off Government street is the quiet yet rich tone that pervades the whole of the fittings and decorations. No garish or gaudy work offends the eye. Everything is subdued to its proper relation to obtain a due effect. The walls are panelled in various shades of brown Tennessee marble, six massive monolithic marble columns dividing the room into bays. The woodwork is of rich walnut, of exceedingly good workmanship and enriched by some carving that is well worth looking at.

The floors are in ceramic mosaic with an elaborate border of delicate and beautifully blended coloring very pleasing to the eye. The counter front is marble, supporting a hand forged wrought iron grille, specially designed and made for the bank. This screen is pronounced by several architects to be the finest piece of metal work in the province.

The fine effect of the room is increased by the deeply coffered and richly panelled plaster work and when the walls and ceilings are decorated as intended, the effect will be still heightened. Many small details, such as the quaint lead glazed windows will also be noticed.

The solid marble columns have their office of usefulness as well as beauty to fulfill, for each column is capable of carrying 80 tons and as the weight of the whole building is brought by steel girders over these columns, it would be possible to remove the whole of the outside walls and the columns would still support the superstructure.

Off the banking chamber is a cosy manager's room, panelled in walnut and with a large open fire place. This little room in itself is well worth visiting—in Mr. Rattenbury's opinion it is one of the best things he has ever designed. At the rear of the room are situated the two vaults, the upper one being reached by an iron stair case in full view from the windows as a precaution against burglars. This vault has steel built into the walls, whilst the floor has steel beams running both ways, making it absolutely burglar-proof. In this vault is placed a huge safe, weighing over seven tons, and which has 4 time locks upon it.

While, of course, the banking room is the principal feature of the interior of the building, there are several noticeable points in other parts to be observed. In the basement, which is approached by a flight of steps off Bastion street, is attained a fine suite of offices, with safe, separate lavatories, etc. These offices will be occupied next week by Messrs. Brown & Co., mining brokers.

On the first and second floors are two fine suites of fire-proof offices. The whole of the first floor is already occupied by Messrs. McPhillips, Wootton & Barnard, and the whole of the second floor by the Electric Tramway Co. These offices are approached by a flight of solid stone hanging steps with an excellent cast-iron railing made by the Albion Iron Works. The lavatories to the offices are all tiled with marbel divisions and fittings and silver-plated hardware.

The entire building is of fire-proof materials. As regards the exterior effect, all are now familiar with it, and we can hardly realize now how Government street would look without the picturesque towers and gables which form so conspicuous a feature of the city. Mr. T. M. Rattenbury, architect of the Parliament buildings, was the designer of the structure. The contractors were all local men, the stone work being executed by Messrs. McGregor & Jeeves, the plastering by Mr. Richard Drake, the interior walnut fittings by Weiler Bros., the tiles supplied by Mr. Anderson, and the leaded glass work by Mr. E. W. Morris.

PERSONAL.

D. R. Ker is back from a trip to Vancouver.

Gordon and Mrs. Hunter have left for a visit to Toronto.

J. F. Bethune returned last night from a business trip to Vancouver.

Senator McInnes, British Columbia's lieutenant-governor-elect, arrived from the Mainland last night.

F. B. Pemberton and D. and Mrs. McGillivray were passengers from Vancouver by last night's Charmer.

F. M. Yorke leaves this morning for the East and England in connection with the transportation company to the Yukon in which he is interested.

F. Adams, Seattle; F. W. Hieler, Winnipeg; Scott Blackwood, London; F. Needs, H. P. Buzcond, F. D. Conway, Chemainus; A. Armour and B. H. Boyd, are registered at the Queen's.

J. R. Anderson, deputy minister of agriculture, left for the Mainland last night accompanied by Mr. T. F. Paterson to attend meetings called for the purpose of spreading information as to farmers' institutes.

Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper, Lady Tupper, the Misses Tupper, and Hon. Fred. Peters arrived from the East last night and are staying temporarily at the Mount Baker hotel. As is already stated Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper and Mr. Peters have come to Victoria to practice law here, Mr. Peters having resigned his position as premier of Prince Edward Island to come West.

Umbrellas 50c., 75c., $1.00, $1.25, etc.; best makes. Job line of Mackintoshes $5.75 each to clear. B. Williams & Co. x

GOLD pans at Cheapside. x

WHAT THE PEOPLE SAY

How Victoria Should Set About Adapting Itself to Deal With the Northern Rush.

Payments by the Corporation for Bridge Costs—Surrender of Sealing Rights.

TO THE EDITOR:—Forty years is a long time to look back upon, but surely the "old-timers," as they are spoken of, must concede that Victoria's possibilities of the very near future will exceed the prophecies of even the most sanguine of those early Cariboo days. But what has happened during those forty years? Victoria has become a city of Homes!

Perusing the columns of your paper of the 5th, 6th and 7th instant, references are made to the anticipated travel that is likely to pass through this port during the next year. Let us hope we will not be disappointed in the matter. Forty years ago competition was not so keen as at the present day, and Victoria merchants had neither Vancouver, Seattle, Tacoma, Portland or San Francisco houses to compete against. To-day this is all altered. We not only have to compete with these cities, but also the great centres of New York, Chicago, etc.

The great problem in this newly created trade is to adapt ourselves to the circumstances appertaining thereto. By that is meant our merchants, financiers and citizens generally should reach out, so to speak, for every branch of business that is likely to help build up Victoria as a commercial centre. We, here, are at a great disadvantage as compared with the other cities mentioned, in the matter of direct railway communication. This will come later, however, and our present efforts should be directed with all vigor and energy to secure more, a vast amount more, of the shipping trade.

According to your paper of yesterday it is estimated that at least twenty-four steamers, besides a number of small vessels, will be engaged in the freight and passenger traffic to the north. How many of these vessels will make Victoria a base for supplies? What inducements can Victoria offer? This is a matter that requires immediate consideration, far more than has been given to it. We claim to have superior facilities for the outfitting of miners, etc. Why not make it known that in the matter of supplying ocean going vessels that we are able to supply stores at cheaper rates than our friends to the south. This can be done if our government will modify the regulations regarding supplies to ocean vessels and the substitution of an entire free list covering all supplies to be used at sea. The list should include all kinds of imported goods, also wines, liquors and cigars. A rough calculation of 24 steamers taking on supplies each trip at the ports of Vancouver and Victoria, will, in the course of a season's operations, mean an immense turnover of capital.

Repairs to vessels can be executed at Victoria as advantageously as at any port on the Pacific, but the fact requires to be made more widely known.

Bunkers should be established at Victoria for the coaling of vessels. This is a very important matter, and will tend more to bring shipping to the port of Victoria than is at present imagined or thought of.

Advertising the city will be most effectual by placing the matter to be distributed at the railway and tourist agencies in the Old Country, provincial towns, and at the various railway terminals. In the United States cities by a distribution amongst the ticket offices and railway centres, and, if possible, by advertisement through the usual agencies.

No stone should be left unturned to guide traffic to this port and every effort made to secure to it the foundation of a great commercial and shipping trade, to be, we all hope, followed by a line of trans-continental railway at no late date, and thus will Victoria not only maintain her credit as a City of Homes, but will become a town of vast magnitude and wealth and probably the most important in the shipping world.

F.H.C.

SEALING RIGHTS.

TO THE EDITOR:—From such reports of the sealing conference as I have read, it appears that the United States government are extremely anxious that pelagic sealing in Behring sea should be terminated, and in order that this may be accomplished some informal overtures appear to have been made to those immediately interested with a view to buying them out and so putting an end to what, from a United States point of view, is a most disagreeable interference with their industry on the Pribyloff islands.

It appears to me, sir, that a surrender of the right to kill seals on the open sea should not be done lightly nor unless substantial compensation is obtained. This right is a national heritage, not limited to the present generation, but belonging to generations yet unborn. Shall we sell this birthright for a mess of pottage? In other words, shall any compensation which the United States may agree to give those at present engaged in the sealing industry be considered ample and as covering the loss which the nation will sustain? I venture to think not. I would suggest that this might be an opportune time to do a little bartering with the United States. What if they should be asked to cede that strip of territory, with adjacent islands, on the northwest coast of British Columbia as a quid pro quo for the surrender of the right to kill seals in Behring sea? The territory is not of much value to them but would be very useful to Canada from the fact that the natural gateways to a considerable portion of her territory are situated therein. The advantages of such an arrangement to Canada are obvious. We should not then have to say "by your leave" if we wished to enter by any of these inlets. We should have no friction with the United States customs authorities; and last but not least, we should need no boundary commission to determine the precise line of demarkation "distant ten marine leagues from the ocean."

SAXON.

Lake District, Nov. 8, 1897.

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MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape-Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

COSTS OF BRIDGE LAWSUITS.

TO THE EDITOR:—I understand that at last evening's meeting of the city council another bill of law costs amounting to $1,000 was presented for payment. This is in connection with the Point Ellice bridge accident suits. As a diligent examination of the newspaper reports of the council meeting fails to reveal any such "business," I would like to make an inquiry through your columns as to what law costs are being paid by the city or have been paid in litigation with poor unfortunates who have actions arising out of the bridge disaster. Answers to the following questions would give the desired information:

1. What costs and expenses were paid by the city in Gordon v. the City of Victoria as party—party costs and solicitor and client costs?
2. Amount of costs taxed against the city in Patterson v. the City?
3. Amount of solicitor and client costs paid to or claimed by city lawyers in Patterson v. the City?
4. Amount of costs taxed against the city in Lang v. the City?
5. Amount of solicitor and client costs claimed by lawyers in Lang v. the City?
6. Amount of general expenses of conducting the bridge accident litigation paid by the city?

It would further be extremely interesting to know how these various sums of money have been paid by the council without the facts becoming public.

ONE INTERESTED.

Victoria, B.C., Nov. 9, 1897.

COWICHAN FARMING INTERESTS.

TO THE EDITOR:—Referring to a communication signed "Cowichan Settler" which appeared in last night's Times, I beg to make the following corrections of the statements made:

The inspector of fruit pests is very frequently in the district of Cowichan inspecting orchards and doing whatever else is necessary in his department and always ready to attend to any calls made upon him in his official capacity, and I therefore cannot understand how it can be asserted that he has never been seen in the district.

As regards the other allegation it is equally erroneous. Mr. Paterson is not sent round to lecture by the Dominion authorities. Mr. Paterson is under engagement to the provincial government for a short time to inform the public on the working of the farmers' institutes in Ontario and as to the benefits which will accrue to agriculturists by availing themselves of the provisions of the British Columbia Farmers' Institutes Act passed last session. As to no meetings being held; if Cowichan farmer had looked at the papers and had paid any attention to the numerous posters sent out he would have seen that meetings were advertised to be held at Duncan and Cobble Hill on Saturday last, and in point of fact well attended meetings were held, which were attended both by Mr. Paterson and me, and addresses delivered at both places, accounts of which also appeared in the press.

In conclusion I am always ready and willing to give information on all matters connected with this department, and it is to be deplored that efficient and painstaking officers should be condemned without enquiry at the proper quarter.

J. R. ANDERSON,
Deputy Minister of Agriculture.

Department of Agriculture, Victoria, B.C., November 10, 1897.

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—THE—

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OF EDINBURGH, SCOTLAND,

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Total assets	41,000,000
Investments in Canada	12,500,000
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Development work has been in progress since May this year and the tunnel is now in 120 feet Night and day shifts are working continuously. The Company are now erecting Superintendent's house, bank house, mess house, storehouse and blacksmith shop.

25,000 Shares of Treasury Stock are now Offered For Sale at

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Assays range from traces at commencement of work up to $79.00 in gold. The ore is free milling. Claim reported upon by J. A. Macfarlane, F.C.S., and C. F. Monckton, F.G.S.

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